G.L. BAJAJ INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

&

MANAGEMENT

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

E- SYLLABUS

FOR

B.TECH. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

ODD SEMESTER

SESSION (2021--22)

ABOUT THE INSTITUTE

GL Bajaj Institute of Technology & Management is the 6th Institute established under the prestigious banner of Rajeev Memorial Academic Welfare Society (Registered Under Societies Registration Act 1860). The institute is approved by All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE), Ministry of HRD, Govt. of India and Affiliated to Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam Technical University (Formerly UPTU Lucknow)

GL Bajaj Institute of Technology and Management is one of the qualities driven Educational Institute in the Greater Noida/Delhi-NCR Region. GL Bajaj stands out in its approach to assist and equip the students for their overall development, giving them a strong foundation for a successful future. The institute offers B.Tech, M.Tech, MBA, MCA.

This self-financed institute is governed by Rajeev Memorial Academic Welfare Society (Registered Under Societies Registration Act 1860). It is approved by All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE), Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India and affiliated to Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam Technical University, Lucknow..

ABOUT THE DEPARTMENT

The Department of Information Technology at G.L. Bajaj Institute of Technology & Management was established in the year 2007 with a vision to develop competent IT professionals catering to the needs of Industry and society in a global perspective. The Department aims to foster students to attain professional excellence by providing exposure to new IT tools and technologies. Information Technology being the flagship branch of Engineering takes focus in scientific research, scientific programming, Application programming, and software engineering. The Department has well-equipped laboratories with state-of-the-art hardware and software resources, lecture halls, seminar halls, tutorial rooms and faculty sections. The Department has a blend of experienced and young faculty members who also work as mentors to the equally diligent and hardworking students.

DEPARTMENT VISION & MISSION

VISION

To develop competent IT professionals catering to the needs of Industry and society in a global perspective.

MISSION

To attain academic & professional excellence with collective efforts of all stake holders through:

M1 : Dissemination of basic concepts and analytical skills.
M2 : Exposure to new tools in the area of Information technology.
M3 : Effective interaction with industry for better employability.
M4 : Inculcating values and professional ethics with social responsibility.

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

Below are the different educational objective of program:

- **PEO-1**
  To provide students a strong foundation in mathematical and IT fundamentals with emphasis on different programming languages/ platforms.
- **PEO-2**
  To prepare students with a strong foundation in IT tools and analytical skills.
- **PEO-3**
  To analyse, design and develop efficient and cost effective IT solutions for society.
- **PEO-4**
  To become a successful professional in software industry with leadership quality and value.
- **PEO-5**
  To provide a supportive academic environment and guidance for life-long learning.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

The graduate of the program will be able to:

PO 1 - Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO 2 - Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO 3 - Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO 4 - Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO 5 - Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO 6 - The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO 7 - Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO 8 - Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO 9 - Individual and Team Work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO 10 - Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.

PO 11 - Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader.

PO 12 - Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOS)

Program Graduates will be able to:

PSO 1: Design and develop an application/product that efficiently utilizes system software and hardware to cover current user requirement in social and economic form.

PSO 2: Apply and acquire knowledge of computer network in implementation of secure data communication and reliable network system.

PSO 3: Design and implement knowledge based discovery, machine based learning by using the concept of DBMS, soft computing, neural network, image processing and pattern recognition etc.

PSO 4: Design and develop mobile based applications which use the concepts of latest application system development technologies.
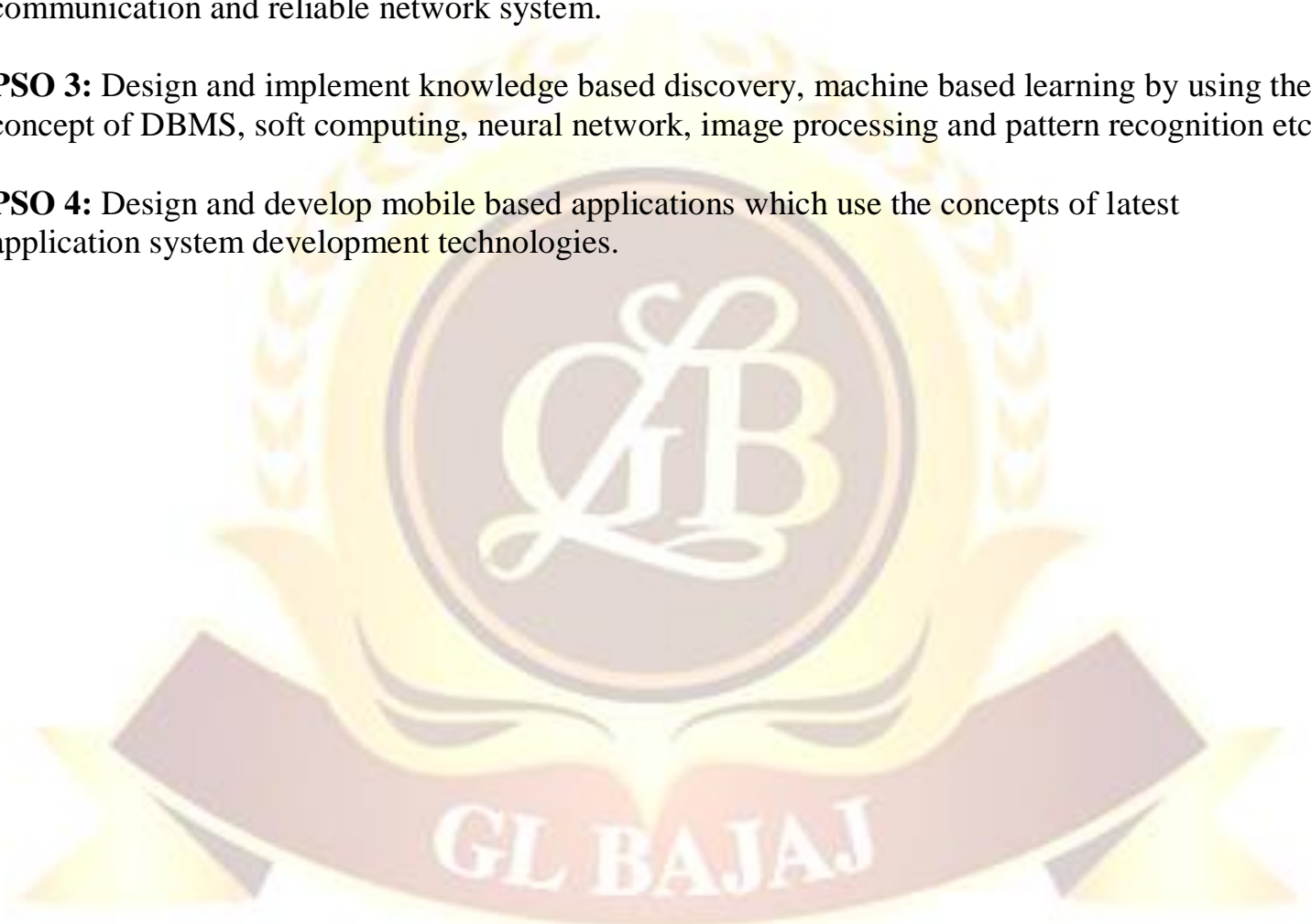
Syllabus for Second Year (ODD Sem.)

STUDY EVALUATION SCHEME
SECOND-YEAR
SEMESTER –III

2nd Year III-SEMESTER

Sl. No.	Subject Codes	Subject	Periods			Evaluation Scheme				End Semester		Total	Credit
			L	T	P	CT	TA	Total	PS	TE	PE		
1	KOE031-38/ KAS302	Engineering Science Course/Maths-IV	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
2	KAS301/ KVE301	Technical Communication/Universal Human Values	2	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
			3	0	0								
3	KCS301	Data Structure	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
4	KCS302	Computer Organization and Architecture	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
5	KCS303	Discrete Structures & Theory of Logic	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
6	KCS351	Data Structures Using C Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
7	KCS352	Computer Organization Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
8	KCS353	Discrete Structure & Logic Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
9	KCS354	Mini Project or Internship Assessment*	0	0	2			50				50	1
10	KNC301/ KNC302	Computer System Security/Python Programming	2	0	0	15	10	25		50			0
11		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)											
		Total										**950**	**22**

*The Mini Project or internship (3-4 weeks) conducted during summer break after II semester and will be assessed during III semesters.

CT: Class Test   **TA**: Teacher Assessment   **L/T/P**: Lecture/ Tutorial/ Practical

B.TECH. (COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING)
THIRD SEMESTER (DETAILED SYLLABUS)

DATA STRUCTURE (KCS301)	
Course Outcome (CO)	**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand	

CO 1	Describe how arrays, linked lists, stacks, queues, trees, and graphs are represented in memory, used by the algorithms and their common applications.	K_1, K_2
CO 2	Discuss the computational efficiency of the sorting and searching algorithms.	K_2
CO 3	Implementation of Trees and Graphs and perform various operations on these data structure.	K_3
CO 4	Understanding the concept of recursion, application of recursion and its implementation and removal of recursion.	K_4
CO 5	Identify the alternative implementations of data structures with respect to its performance to solve a real world problem.	K_5, K_6
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	**3-1-0**

Unit	Topic	Proposed Lecture
I	**Introduction:** Basic Terminology, Elementary Data Organization, Built in Data Types in C. Algorithm, Efficiency of an Algorithm, Time and Space Complexity, Asymptotic notations: Big Oh, Big Theta and Big Omega, Time-Space trade-off. Abstract Data Types (ADT) **Arrays**: Definition, Single and Multidimensional Arrays, Representation of Arrays: Row Major Order, and Column Major Order, Derivation of Index Formulae for 1-D,2-D,3-D and n-D Array Application of arrays, Sparse Matrices and their representations. **Linked lists:** Array Implementation and Pointer Implementation of Singly Linked Lists, Doubly Linked List, Circularly Linked List, Operations on a Linked List. Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, Polynomial Representation and Addition Subtraction & Multiplications of Single variable & Two variables Polynomial.	08
II	**Stacks:** Abstract Data Type, Primitive Stack operations: Push & Pop, Array and Linked Implementation of Stack in C, Application of stack: Prefix and Postfix Expressions, Evaluation of postfix expression, Iteration and Recursion- Principles of recursion, Tail recursion, Removal of recursion Problem solving using iteration and recursion with examples such as binary search, Fibonacci numbers, and Hanoi towers. Tradeoffs between iteration and recursion. **Queues:** Operations on Queue: Create, Add, Delete, Full and Empty, Circular queues, Array and linked implementation of queues in C, Dequeue and Priority Queue.	08
III	**Searching:** Concept of Searching, Sequential search, Index Sequential Search, Binary Search. Concept of Hashing & Collision resolution Techniques used in Hashing. **Sorting:** Insertion Sort, Selection, Bubble Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort, Heap Sort and Radix Sort.	08
IV	**Graphs:** Terminology used with Graph, Data Structure for Graph Representations: Adjacency Matrices, Adjacency List, Adjacency. Graph Traversal: Depth First Search and Breadth First Search, Connected Component, Spanning Trees, Minimum Cost Spanning Trees: Prims and Kruskal algorithm. Transitive Closure and Shortest Path algorithm: Warshal Algorithm and Dijikstra Algorithm.	08

V	**Trees:** Basic terminology used with Tree, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Representation: Array Representation and Pointer(Linked List) Representation, Binary Search Tree, Strictly Binary Tree ,Complete Binary Tree . A Extended Binary Trees, Tree Traversal algorithms: Inorder, Preorder and Postorder, Constructing Binary Tree from given Tree Traversal, Operation of Insertation , Deletion, Searching & Modification of data in Binary Search . Threaded Binary trees, Traversing Threaded Binary trees. Huffman coding using Binary Tree. Concept & Basic Operations for AVL Tree , B Tree & Binary Heaps	08

Text books:

1. Aaron M. Tenenbaum, Yedidyah Langsam and Moshe J. Augenstein, "Data Structures Using C and C++", PHI
Learning Private Limited, Delhi India
2. Horowitz and Sahani, "Fundamentals of Data Structures", Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd Delhi India.
3. Lipschutz, "Data Structures" Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw-hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.
4. Thareja, "Data Structure Using C" Oxford Higher Education.
5. AK Sharma, "Data Structure Using C", Pearson Education India.
6. Rajesh K. Shukla, "Data Structure Using C and C++" Wiley Dreamtech Publication.
7. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, David M. Mount "Data Structures and Algorithms in C++", Wiley India.
8. P. S. Deshpandey, "C and Data structure", Wiley Dreamtech Publication.
9. R. Kruse etal, "Data Structures and Program Design in C", Pearson Education.
10. Berztiss, AT: Data structures, Theory and Practice, Academic Press.
11. Jean Paul Trembley and Paul G. Sorenson, "An Introduction to Data Structures with applications", McGraw Hill.
    Adam Drozdek "Data Structures and Algorithm in Java", Cengage Learning

Computer Organization and Architecture (KCS302)	
Course Outcome (CO)	**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand	

	Course Outcome	KL
CO 1	Study of the basic structure and operation of a digital computer system.	K_1, K_2
CO 2	Analysis of the design of arithmetic & logic unit and understanding of the fixed point and floating-point arithmetic operations.	K_2, K_4
CO 3	Implementation of control unit techniques and the concept of Pipelining	K_3
CO 4	Understanding the hierarchical memory system, cache memories and virtual memory	K_2
CO 5	Understanding the different ways of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces	K_2, K_4

DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-1-0
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Introduction**: Functional units of digital system and their interconnections, buses, bus architecture, types of buses and bus arbitration. Register, bus and memory transfer. Processor organization, general registers organization, stack organization and addressing modes.	**08**
II	**Arithmetic and logic unit:** Look ahead carries adders. Multiplication: Signed operand multiplication, Booths algorithm and array multiplier. Division and logic operations. Floating point arithmetic operation, Arithmetic & logic unit design. IEEE Standard for Floating Point Numbers	**08**
III	**Control Unit:** Instruction types, formats, instruction cycles and sub cycles (fetch and execute etc), micro operations, execution of a complete instruction. Program Control, Reduced Instruction Set Computer, Pipelining. Hardwire and micro programmed control: micro programme sequencing, concept of horizontal and vertical microprogramming.	**08**
IV	**Memory:** Basic concept and hierarchy, semiconductor RAM memories, 2D & 2 1/2D memory organization. ROM memories. Cache memories: concept and design issues & performance, address mapping and replacement Auxiliary memories: magnetic disk, magnetic tape and optical disks Virtual memory: concept implementation.	**08**
V	**Input / Output**: Peripheral devices, I/O interface, I/O ports, Interrupts: interrupt hardware, types of interrupts and exceptions. Modes of Data Transfer: Programmed I/O, interrupt initiated I/O and Direct Memory Access., I/O channels and processors. Serial Communication: Synchronous & asynchronous communication, standard communication interfaces.	**08**

Text books:

 1. Computer System Architecture - M. Mano

2. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky Computer Organization, McGraw-Hill, Fifth Edition, Reprint 2012

3. John P. Hayes, Computer Architecture and Organization, Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition, 1998. Reference books

4. William Stallings, Computer Organization and Architecture-Designing for Performance, Pearson Education, Seventh edition, 2006.

5. Behrooz Parahami, "Computer Architecture", Oxford University Press, Eighth Impression, 2011.

6. David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, "Computer Architecture-A Quantitative Approach", Elsevier, a division of reed India Private Limited, Fifth edition, 2012

7. Structured Computer Organization, Tannenbaum(PHI)

Discrete Structures & Theory of Logic (KCS303)	
Course Outcome (CO)	**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Write an argument using logical notation and determine if the argument is or is not valid.	K_3, K_4
CO 2	Understand the basic principles of sets and operations in sets.	K_1, K_2
CO 3	Demonstrate an understanding of relations and functions and be able to determine their properties.	K_3
CO 4	Demonstrate different traversal methods for trees and graphs.	K_1, K_4
CO 5	Model problems in Computer Science using graphs and trees.	K_2, K_6
DETAILED SYLLABUS	**3-1-0**

Unit	Topic	Proposed Lecture
I	**Set Theory**: Introduction, Combination of sets, Multisets, Ordered pairs. Proofs of some general identities on sets. Relations: Definition, Operations on relations, Properties of relations, Composite Relations, Equality of relations, Recursive definition of relation, Order of relations. **Functions:** Definition, Classification of functions, Operations on functions, Recursively defined functions. Growth of Functions. **Natural Numbers:** Introduction, Mathematical Induction, Variants of Induction, Induction with Nonzero Base cases. Proof Methods, Proof by counter – example, Proof by contradiction.	08
II	**Algebraic Structures:** Definition, Groups, Subgroups and order, Cyclic Groups, Cosets, Lagrange's theorem, Normal Subgroups, Permutation and Symmetric groups, Group Homomorphisms, Definition and elementary properties of Rings and Fields.	08
III	**Lattices**: Definition, Properties of lattices – Bounded, Complemented, Modular and Complete lattice. Boolean Algebra: Introduction, Axioms and Theorems of Boolean algebra, Algebraic manipulation of Boolean expressions. Simplification of Boolean Functions, Karnaugh maps, Logic gates, Digital circuits and Boolean algebra.	08
IV	**Propositional Logic:** Proposition, well formed formula, Truth tables, Tautology, Satisfiability, Contradiction, Algebra of proposition, Theory of Inference. (8) **Predicate Logic:** First order predicate, well formed formula of predicate, quantifiers, Inference theory of predicate logic.	08
V	**Trees:** Definition, Binary tree, Binary tree traversal, Binary search tree. **Graphs:** Definition and terminology, Representation of graphs, Multigraphs, Bipartite graphs, Planar graphs, Isomorphism and Homeomorphism of graphs, Euler and Hamiltonian paths, Graph coloring, Recurrence Relation & Generating function: Recursive definition of functions, Recursive algorithms, Method of solving recurrences. **Combinatorics**: Introduction, Counting Techniques, Pigeonhole Principle	08

Department of Information Technology

Text books:
 1.Koshy, Discrete Structures, Elsevier Pub. 2008 Kenneth H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, 6/e, McGraw-Hill, 2006.
2. B. Kolman, R.C. Busby, and S.C. Ross, Discrete Mathematical Structures, 5/e, Prentice Hall, 2004.
3.E.R. Scheinerman, Mathematics: A Discrete Introduction, Brooks/Cole, 2000.
4.R.P. Grimaldi, Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, 5/e, Addison Wesley, 2004
5.Liptschutz, Seymour, " Discrete Mathematics", McGraw Hill.
6.Trembley, J.P & R. Manohar, "Discrete Mathematical Structure with Application to Computer Science", McGraw Hill.
4. Deo, 7.Narsingh, "Graph Theory With application to Engineering and Computer.Science.", PHI.
8. Krishnamurthy, V., "Combinatorics Theory & Application", East-West Press Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

Data Structure using C Lab (KCS351)

Write C Programs to illustrate the concept of the following:

1. Sorting Algorithms-Non-Recursive.
2. Sorting Algorithms-Recursive.
3. Searching Algorithm.
4. Implementation of Stack using Array.
5. Implementation of Queue using Array.
6. Implementation of Circular Queue using Array.
7. Implementation of Stack using Linked List.
8. Implementation of Queue using Linked List.
9. Implementation of Circular Queue using Linked List.
10. Implementation of Tree Structures, Binary Tree, Tree Traversal, Binary Search Tree, Insertion and Deletion inBST.
11. Graph Implementation, BFS, DFS, Minimum cost spanning tree, shortest path algorithm.

Computer Organization Lab (KCS352)

1. Implementing HALF ADDER, FULL ADDER using basic logic gates
2. Implementing Binary -to -Gray, Gray -to -Binary code conversions.
3. Implementing 3-8 line DECODER.
4. Implementing 4x1 and 8x1 MULTIPLEXERS.
5. Verify the excitation tables of various FLIP-FLOPS.
6. Design of an 8-bit Input/ Output system with four 8-bit Internal Registers.
7. Design of an 8-bit ARITHMETIC LOGIC UNIT.
8. Design the data path of a computer from its register transfer language description.
9. Design the control unit of a computer using either hardwiring or microprogramming based on its registertransfer language description.
10. Implement a simple instruction set computer with a control unit and a data path.

Discrete Structure & Logic Lab (KCS353)

Programming Language/Tool Used: C and Mapple

1. Write a program in C to create two sets and perform the Union operation on sets.
2. Write a program in C to create two sets and perform the Intersectison operation on sets.
3. Write a program in C to create two sets and perform the Difference operation on sets.
4. Write a program in C to create two sets and perform the Symmetric Difference operation.
5. Write a program in C to perform the Power Set operation on a set.
6. Write a program in C to Display the Boolean Truth Table for AND, OR , NOT .
7. Write a C Program to find Cartesian Product of two sets
8. Write a program in C for minimum cost spanning tree.
9. Write a program in C for finding shortest path in a Graph

Note: Understanding of mathematical computation software Mapple to experiment the followings (exp. 10 to 25):

10. Working of Computation software
11. Discover a closed formula for a given recursive sequence vice-versa
12. Recursion and Induction
13. Practice of various set operations
14. Counting
15. Combinatorial equivalence
16. Permutations and combinations
17. Difference between structures, permutations and sets
18. Implementation of a recursive counting technique
19. The Birthday problem
20. Poker Hands problem
21. Baseball best-of-5 series: Experimental probabilities
22. Baseball: Binomial Probability
23. Expected Value Problems
24. Basketball: One and One
25. Binary Relations: Influence

Syllabus for Third Year (ODD Sem.)

STUDY EVALUATION SCHEME
THIRD YEAR

SEMESTER- V

Sl. No.	Subject Codes	Subject	Periods			Evaluation Scheme				End Semester		Total	Credit
			L	T	P	CT	TA	Total	PS	TE	PE		
1	KCS501	Database Management System	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
2	KIT501	Web Technology	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
3	KCS503	Design and Analysis of Algorithm	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
4	Deptt-Elective-I	Departmental Elective-I	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
5	Deptt.-Elective-II	Departmental Elective-II	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
6	KCS551	Database Management System Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
7	KIT551	Web Technology Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
8	KCS553	Design and Analysis of Algorithm Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
9	KCS554	Mini Project or Internship Assessment*	0	0	2				50			50	1
10	KNC501/ KNC502	Constitution of India / Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	2	0	0	15	10	25		50			
11		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)											
		Total	**17**	**3**	**8**							**950**	**22**

Department of Information Technology

*The Mini Project or internship (4 weeks) conducted during summer break after IV semester and will be assessed during V semester.

CT: Class Test   **TA**: Teacher Assessment   **L/T/P**: Lecture/ Tutorial/ Practical

DEPARTMENTAL ELECTIVES

Departmental Elective-I
1. KIT-051 Statistical Computing
2. KIT-052 Compiler Design
3. KCS-053 Computer Graphics
4. KCS -054 Object Oriented System Design

Departmental Elective-II
5. KCS-055 Machine Learning Techniques
6. KCS -056 Application of Soft Computing
7. KCS-057 Augmented & Virtual Reality
8. KCS-058 Human Computer Interface

B.TECH. (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY and CSI)

FIFTH SEMESTER (DETAILED SYLLABUS)

Database Management System (KCS-501)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Apply knowledge of database for real life applications.	K_3
CO 2	Apply query processing techniques to automate the real time problems of databases.	K_3, K_4
CO 3	Identify and solve the redundancy problem in database tables using normalization.	K_2, K_3
CO 4	Understand the concepts of transactions, their processing so they will familiar with broad range of database management issues including data integrity, security and recovery.	K_2, K_4
CO 5	Design, develop and implement a small database project using database tools.	K_3, K_6
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-1-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Introduction:** Overview, Database System vs File System, Database System Concept and Architecture, Data Model Schema and Instances, Data Independence and Database Language and Interfaces, Data Definitions Language, DML, Overall Database Structure. Data Modeling Using the Entity Relationship Model: ER Model Concepts, Notation for ER Diagram, Mapping Constraints, Keys, Concepts of Super Key, Candidate Key, Primary Key, Generalization, Aggregation, Reduction of an ER Diagrams to Tables, Extended ER Model, Relationship of Higher Degree.	**08**
II	**Relational data Model and Language:** Relational Data Model Concepts, Integrity Constraints, Entity Integrity, Referential Integrity, Keys Constraints, Domain Constraints, Relational Algebra, Relational Calculus, Tuple and Domain Calculus. Introduction on SQL: Characteristics of SQL, Advantage of SQL. SQl Data Type and Literals. Types of SQL Commands. SQL Operators and Their Procedure. Tables, Views and Indexes. Queries and Sub Queries. Aggregate Functions. Insert, Update and Delete Operations, Joins, Unions, Intersection, Minus, Cursors, Triggers, Procedures in SQL/PL SQL	**08**
III	**Data Base Design & Normalization:** Functional dependencies, normal forms, first, second, 8 third normal forms, BCNF, inclusion dependence, loss less join decompositions, normalization using FD, MVD, and JDs, alternative approaches to database design	**08**
IV	**Transaction Processing Concept:** Transaction System, Testing of Serializability, Serializability of Schedules, Conflict & View Serializable Schedule, Recoverability, Recovery from Transaction Failures, Log Based Recovery, Checkpoints, Deadlock Handling. Distributed Database: Distributed Data Storage, Concurrency Control, Directory System.	**08**
V	**Concurrency Control Techniques:** Concurrency Control, Locking Techniques for Concurrency Control, Time Stamping Protocols for Concurrency Control, Validation Based Protocol, Multiple Granularity, Multi Version Schemes, Recovery with Concurrent Transaction, Case Study of Oracle.	**08**

Text books:
1. Korth, Silbertz, Sudarshan," Database Concepts", McGraw Hill
2. Date C J, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Addision Wesley
3. Elmasri, Navathe, " Fundamentals of Database Systems", Addision Wesley
4. O'Neil, Databases, Elsevier Pub.
5. RAMAKRISHNAN"Database Management Systems",McGraw Hill
6. Leon & Leon,"Database Management Systems", Vikas Publishing House
7. Bipin C. Desai, " An Introduction to Database Systems", Gagotia Publications
8. Majumdar & Bhattacharya, "Database Management System", TMH

Web Technology (KIT -501)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Apply the knowledge of the internet and related internet concepts that are vital in understanding web application development and analyze the insights of internet programming to implement complete application over the web.	K_3, K_6
CO 2	Understand, analyze and apply the role of mark up languages like HTML, DHTML, and XML in the workings of the web and web applications.	K_2, K_3
CO 3	Use web application development software tools i.e. XML, Apache Tomcat etc. and identifies the environments currently available on the market to design web sites.	K_3, K_6
CO 4	Understand, analyze and build dynamic web pages using client side programming JavaScript and also develop the web application using servlet and JSP.	K_2, K_4, K_6
CO 5	Understand the impact of web designing by database connectivity with JDBC in the current market place where everyone use to prefer electronic medium for shopping, commerce, fund transfer and even social life also.	K_2, K_3, K_4
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Introduction:** Introduction and Web Development Strategies, History of Web and Internet, Protocols Governing Web, Writing Web Projects, Connecting to Internet, Introduction to Internet services and tools, Introduction to client-server computing. Core Java: Introduction, Operator, Data type, Variable, Arrays, Methods & Classes, Inheritance, Package and Interface, Exception Handling, Multithread programming, I/O, Java Applet, String handling, Event handling, Introduction to AWT, AWT controls, Layout managers	**08**
II	**Web Page Designing:** HTML: List, Table, Images, Frames, forms, CSS, Document type definition, XML: DTD, XML schemes, Object Models, presenting and using XML, Using XML Processors: DOM and SAX, Dynamic HTML	**08**
III	**Scripting:** Java script: Introduction, documents, forms, statements, functions, objects; introduction to AJAX, **Networking :** Internet Addressing, InetAddress, Factory Methods, Instance Methods, TCP/IP Client Sockets, URL, URL Connection, TCP/IP Server Sockets, Datagram.	**08**
IV	**Enterprise Java Bean:** Preparing a Class to be a JavaBeans, Creating a JavaBeans, JavaBeans Properties, Types of beans, Stateful Session bean, Stateless Session bean, Entity bean **Java Database Connectivity (JDBC):** Merging Data from Multiple Tables: Joining, Manipulating, Databases with JDBC, Prepared Statements, Transaction Processing, Stored Procedures.	**08**
V	**Servlets:** Servlet Overview and Architecture, Interface Servlet and the Servlet Life Cycle, Handling HTTP get Requests, Handling HTTP post Requests, Redirecting Requests to Other Resources, Session Tracking, Cookies, Session Tracking with Http Session **Java Server Pages (JSP):** Introduction, Java Server Pages Overview, A First Java Server Page Example, Implicit Objects, Scripting, Standard Actions, Directives, Custom Tag Libraries..	**08**

Text books:
1. Burdman, Jessica, "Collaborative Web Development" Addison Wesley
2. Xavier, C, " Web Technology and Design" , New Age International
3. Ivan Bayross," HTML, DHTML, Java Script, Perl & CGI", BPB Publication
4. Bhave, "Programming with Java", Pearson Education
5. Herbert Schieldt, "The Complete Reference:Java", TMH.
6. Hans Bergsten, "Java Server Pages", SPD O'Reilly
7. Margaret Levine Young, "The Complete Reference Internet", TMH
8. Naughton, Schildt, "The Complete Reference JAVA2", TMH
9. Balagurusamy E, "Programming in JAVA", TMH

Design and Analysis of Algorithm (KCS-503)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Design new algorithms, prove them correct, and analyze their asymptotic and absolute runtime and memory demands.	K_4, K_6
CO 2	Find an algorithm to solve the problem (create) and prove that the algorithm solves the problem correctly (validate).	K_5, K_6
CO 3	Understand the mathematical criterion for deciding whether an algorithm is efficient, and know many practically important problems that do not admit any efficient algorithms.	K_2, K_5
CO 4	Apply classical sorting, searching, optimization and graph algorithms.	K_2, K_4
CO 5	Understand basic techniques for designing algorithms, including the techniques of recursion, divide-and-conquer, and greedy.	K_2, K_3
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-1-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Introduction:** Algorithms, Analyzing Algorithms, Complexity of Algorithms, Growth of Functions, Performance Measurements, Sorting and Order Statistics - Shell Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort, Heap Sort, Comparison of Sorting Algorithms, Sorting in Linear Time.	**08**
II	**Advanced Data Structures:** Red-Black Trees, B – Trees, Binomial Heaps, Fibonacci Heaps, Tries, Skip List	**08**
III	**Divide and Conquer** with Examples Such as Sorting, Matrix Multiplication, Convex Hull and Searching. **Greedy Methods** with Examples Such as Optimal Reliability Allocation, Knapsack, Minimum Spanning Trees – Prim's and Kruskal's Algorithms, Single Source Shortest Paths - Dijkstra's and Bellman Ford Algorithms.	**08**
IV	**Dynamic Programming** with Examples Such as Knapsack. All Pair Shortest Paths – Warshal's and Floyd's Algorithms, Resource Allocation Problem. Backtracking, Branch and Bound with Examples Such as Travelling Salesman Problem, Graph Coloring, n-Queen Problem, Hamiltonian Cycles and Sum of Subsets.	**08**
V	**Selected Topics:** Algebraic Computation, Fast Fourier Transform, String Matching, Theory of NP-Completeness, Approximation Algorithms and Randomized Algorithms	**08**

Text books:

1. Thomas H. Coreman, Charles E. Leiserson and Ronald L. Rivest, "Introduction to Algorithms", Printice Hall of India.
2. E. Horowitz & S Sahni, "Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms",
3. Aho, Hopcraft, Ullman, "The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms" Pearson Education, 2008.
4. LEE "Design & Analysis of Algorithms (POD)",McGraw Hill
5. Richard E.Neapolitan "Foundations of Algorithms" Jones & Bartlett Learning
6. Jon Kleinberg and Éva Tardos, Algorithm Design, Pearson, 2005.
7. Michael T Goodrich and Roberto Tamassia, Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis, and Internet Examples, Second Edition, Wiley, 2006.
8. Harry R. Lewis and Larry Denenberg, Data Structures and Their Algorithms, Harper Collins, 1997
9. Robert Sedgewick and Kevin Wayne, Algorithms, fourth edition, Addison Wesley, 2011.
10. Harsh Bhasin,"Algorithm Design and Analysis",First Edition,Oxford University Press.
11. Gilles Brassard and Paul Bratley,Algorithmics:Theory and Practice,Prentice Hall,1995.

Statistical Computing (KIT-051)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Understand and apply the probability distributions, random number generation and density estimations to perform analysis of various kinds of data	$K2, K_4, K_6$
CO 2	Understand and manipulate data, design and perform simple Monte Carlo experiments, and be able to use resampling methods	K_5, K_6
CO 3	Perform statistical analysis on variety of data	K_2, K_5
CO 4	Perform appropriate statistical tests using R and visualize the outcome	K_2, K_4
CO 5	Discuss the results obtained from their analyses after creating customized graphical and numerical summaries	K_2, K_3
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Descriptive Statistics:** Diagrammatic representation of data, measures of central tendency, measures of dispersion, measures of skewness and kurtosis, correlation, inference procedure for correlation coefficient, bivariate correlation, multiple correlations, linear regression and its inference procedure, multiple regression. **Probability:** Measures of probability, conditional probability, independent event, Bayes' theorem, random variable, discrete and continuous probability distributions, expectation and variance, markov inequality, chebyshev's inequality, central limit theorem.	**08**
II	**Inferential Statistics:** Sampling & Confidence Interval, Inference & Significance. Estimation and Hypothesis Testing, Goodness of fit, Test of Independence, Permutations and Randomization Test, t-test/z-test (one sample, independent, paired), ANOVA, chi-square. **Linear Methods for Regression Analysis:** multiple regression analysis, orthogonalization by Householder transformations (QR); singular value decomposition (SVD); linear dimension reduction using principal component analysis (PCA).	**08**
III	**Pseudo-Random Numbers:** Random number generation, Inverse-transform, acceptance-rejection, transformations, multivariate probability calculations. **Monte Carlo Integration:** Simulation and Monte Carlo integration, variance reduction, Monte Carlo hypothesis testing, antithetic variables/control variates, importance sampling, stratified sampling Markov chain Monte Carlo (McMC): Markov chains; Metropolis-Hastings algorithm; Gibbs sampling; convergence	**08**

IV	**Resampling Methods:** Cross-validation, Bootstrapping, Jackknife resampling, percentile confidence intervals, permutation tests **Density Estimation:** Univariate density estimation, kernel smoothing, multivariate density estimation **Numerical Methods:** Root finding; more on numerical integration; numerical maximization/minimization; constrained and unconstrained optimization; EM (Expectation-Maximization) algorithm; simplex algorithm	08
V	**Introduction to R programming:** History of R programming, starting and ending R, R as a scientific calculator , handling package, workspace, inspecting variables, operators and expressions in R, data objects and types, vectors, matrices and arrays, lists and data frames, built-in and user-defined functions , strings and factors, flow control and loops, advanced looping, date and times. **Using R for statistical analysis:** Importing data files, exporting data, outputting results, exportinggraphs, graphics in R, interactively adding information of plot, performing data analysis tasks. R commands for descriptive statistics, data aggregation, representation of multivariate data, code factorization and optimization, statistical libraries in R.	08

References:

1. S.C. Gupta & V.K. Kapoor, "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand & Sons
2. Sheldon M. Ross, "Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Academic Press.
3. Dudewicz, E.J., Mishra, S.N., "Modern Mathematical Statistics", Willy
4. Purohit S. G., Gore S. D., Deshmukh S. K., "Statistics using R, Narosa
5. Rizzo, M. L., "Statistical Computing with R", Boca Raton, FL: Chapman & Hall/CRC Press
6. Normal Maltoff, The Art of R programming, William
7. Dalgaard, Peter, "Introductory statistics with R", Springer Science & Business Media
8. M. D. Ugarte, A. F. Militino, A. T. Arnholt, "Probability and Statistics with R", CRC Press
9. Kundu, D. and Basu, A., "Statistical computing – existing methods and recent developments", Narosa
10. Gentle, James E., Härdle, Wolfgang Karl, Mori, Yuich, "Handbook of Computational Statistics", Springer
11. Givens and Hoeting, "Computational Statistics", Wiley Series in Prob. and Statistics
12. Michael J. Crawley "The R Book", John Wiley and Sons.
13. Richard Cotton, "Learning R", O'Reilly
14. Brain S. Everitt, "A Handbook of Statistical Analysis Using R", Second Edition, LLC
15. Randall E. Schumacker, "Learning Statistics Using R", Sage.
16. Jared P. Lander, "R for Everyone" Addison Wesley.
17. Monahan, J.F., "Numerical methods of statistics", Cambridge University Press.
18. Robert, C. and Casella, G., "Introducing Monte Carlo Methods with R", Springer Verlag, New York.

Compiler Design (KIT-052)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Acquire knowledge of different phases and passes of the compiler and also able to use the compiler tools like LEX, YACC, etc. Students will also be able to design different types of compiler tools to meet the requirements of the realistic constraints of compilers.	K_3, K_6
CO 2	Understand the parser and its types i.e. Top-Down and Bottom-up parsers and construction of LL, SLR, CLR, and LALR parsing table.	K_2, K_6
CO 3	Implement the compiler using syntax-directed translation method and get knowledge about the synthesized and inherited attributes.	K_4, K_5
CO 4	Acquire knowledge about run time data structure like symbol table organization and different techniques used in that.	K_2, K_3
CO 5	Understand the target machine's run time environment, its instruction set for code generation and techniques used for code optimization.	K_2, K_4
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Introduction to Compiler**: Phases and passes, Bootstrapping, Finite state machines and regular expressions and their applications to lexical analysis, Optimization of DFA-Based Pattern Matchers implementation of lexical analyzers, lexical-analyzer generator, LEX compiler, Formal grammars and their application to syntax analysis, BNF notation, ambiguity, YACC. The syntactic specification of programming languages: Context free grammars, derivation and parse trees, capabilities of CFG.	**08**
II	**Basic Parsing Techniques:** Parsers, Shift reduce parsing, operator precedence parsing, top down parsing, predictive parsers Automatic Construction of efficient Parsers: LR parsers, the canonical Collection of LR(0) items, constructing SLR parsing tables, constructing Canonical LR parsing tables, Constructing LALR parsing tables, using ambiguous grammars, an automatic parser generator, implementation of LR parsing tables.	**08**
III	**Syntax-directed Translation:** Syntax-directed Translation schemes, Implementation of Syntax-directed Translators, Intermediate code, postfix notation, Parse trees & syntax trees, three address code, quadruple & triples, translation of assignment statements, Boolean expressions, statements that alter the flow of control, postfix translation, translation with a top down parser. More about translation: Array references in arithmetic expressions, procedures call, declarations and case statements.	**08**
IV	**Symbol Tables**: Data structure for symbols tables, representing scope information. Run-Time Administration: Implementation of simple stack allocation scheme, storage allocation in block structured language. Error Detection & Recovery: Lexical Phase errors, syntactic phase errors semantic errors.	**08**
V	**Code Generation:** Design Issues, the Target Language. Addresses in the Target Code, Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs, Optimization of Basic Blocks, Code Generator. Code optimization: Machine-Independent Optimizations, Loop optimization, DAG representation of basic blocks, value numbers and algebraic laws, Global Data-Flow analysis.	**08**

Text books:
1. K. Muneeswaran,Compiler Design,First Edition,Oxford University Press.
2, J.P. Bennet, "Introduction to Compiler Techniques", Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill,2003.
3. Henk Alblas and Albert Nymeyer, "Practice and Principles of Compiler Building with C", PHI, 2001.
4. Aho, Sethi & Ullman, "Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools", Pearson Education
5. V Raghvan, " Principles of Compiler Design", TMH
6. Kenneth Louden," Compiler Construction", Cengage Learning.
7. Charles Fischer and Ricard LeBlanc," Crafting a Compiler with C", Pearson Education

Computer Graphics (KCS-053)	
Course Outcome (CO)	**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to:	
CO 1	Understand the graphics hardware used in field of computer graphics.	K_2
CO 2	Understand the concept of graphics primitives like lines and circle based on different algorithms.	K_2, K_4
CO 3	Apply the 2D graphics transformations, composite transformation and Clipping concepts.	K_4
CO 4	Apply the concepts of and techniques used in 3D computer graphics, including viewing transformations.	K_2, K_3
CO 5	Perform the concept of projections, curve and hidden surfaces in real life.	K_2, K_3

DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Introduction and Line Generation:** Types of computer graphics, Graphic Displays- Random scan displays, Raster scan displays, Frame buffer and video controller, Points and lines, Line drawing algorithms, Circle generating algorithms, Mid-point circle generating algorithm, and parallel version of these algorithms.	08
II	**Transformations:** Basic transformation, Matrix representations and homogenous coordinates, Composite transformations, Reflections and shearing. **Windowing and Clipping:** Viewing pipeline, Viewing transformations, 2-D Clipping algorithms- Line clipping algorithms such as Cohen Sutherland line clipping algorithm, Liang Barsky algorithm, Line clipping against non rectangular clip windows; Polygon clipping – Sutherland Hodgeman polygon clipping, Weiler and Atherton polygon clipping, Curve clipping, Text clipping	08
III	**Three Dimensional:** 3-D Geometric Primitives, 3-D Object representation, 3-D Transformation, 3-D viewing, projections, 3-D Clipping.	08
IV	**Curves and Surfaces:** Quadric surfaces, Spheres, Ellipsoid, Blobby objects, Introductory concepts of Spline, Bspline and Bezier curves and surfaces.	08
V	**Hidden Lines and Surfaces:** Back Face Detection algorithm, Depth buffer method, A- buffer method, Scan line method, basic illumination models– Ambient light, Diffuse reflection, Specular reflection and Phong model, Combined approach, Warn model, Intensity Attenuation, Color consideration, Transparency and Shadows.	08

Text books:

1. Donald Hearn and M Pauline Baker, "Computer Graphics C Version", Pearson Education
2. Foley, Vandam, Feiner, Hughes – "Computer Graphics principle", Pearson Education.
3. Rogers, " Procedural Elements of Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill
4. W. M. Newman, R. F. Sproull – "Principles of Interactive computer Graphics" – Tata MCGraw Hill.
5. Amrendra N Sinha and Arun D Udai," Computer Graphics", Tata MCGraw Hill.
6. R.K. Maurya, "Computer Graphics " Wiley Dreamtech Publication.
7. Mukherjee, Fundamentals of Computer graphics & Multimedia, PHI Learning Private Limited.
8. Donald Hearn and M Pauline Baker, "Computer Graphics with OpenGL", Pearson education

Object Oriented System Design (KCS-054)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	To Understand the application development and analyze the insights of object oriented programming to implement application	K_2, K_4
CO 2	To Understand, analyze and apply the role of overall modeling concepts (i.e. System, structural)	K_2, K_3
CO 3	To Understand, analyze and apply oops concepts (i.e. abstraction, inheritance)	K_2, K_3, K_4
CO 4	To know the concepts of C++ for understanding the implementation of object oriented concepts	K_2, K_3
CO 5	To understand and apply object oriented paradigm concepts to implement real world problems.	K_2, K_3
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Introduction:** The meaning of Object Orientation, object identity, Encapsulation, information hiding, polymorphism, generosity, importance of modelling, principles of modelling, object oriented modelling, Introduction to UML, conceptual model of the UML, Architecture.	**08**
II	**Basic Structural Modeling:** Classes, Relationships, common Mechanisms, and diagrams. Class &Object Diagrams: Terms, concepts, modelling techniques for Class & Object Diagrams. **Collaboration Diagrams:** Terms, Concepts, depicting a message, polymorphism in collaboration Diagrams, iterated messages, use of self in messages. Sequence Diagrams: Terms, concepts, depicting asynchronous messages with/without priority, call-back mechanism, broadcast messages. **Basic Behavioural Modeling:** Use cases, Use case Diagrams, Activity Diagrams, State Machine , Process and thread, Event and signals, Time diagram, interaction diagram, Package diagram. **Architectural Modeling:** Component, Deployment, Component diagrams and Deployment diagrams.	**08**
III	Object Oriented Analysis: Object oriented design, Object design, Combining three models, Designing algorithms, design optimization, Implementation of control, Adjustment of inheritance, Object representation, Physical packaging, Documenting design considerations. **Structured analysis and structured design (SA/SD),** Jackson Structured Development (JSD).Mapping object oriented concepts using non-object oriented language, Translating classes into data structures, Passing arguments to methods, Implementing inheritance, associations encapsulation. **Object oriented programming style:** reusability, extensibility, robustness, programming in the large. Procedural v/s OOP, Object oriented language features. Abstraction and Encapsulation.	**08**
IV	**C++ Basics :** Overview, Program structure, namespace, identifiers, variables, constants, enum, operators, typecasting, control structures **C++ Functions :** Simple functions, Call and Return by reference, Inline functions, Macro Vs. Inline functions, Overloading of functions, default arguments, friend functions, virtual functions	**08**
V	**Objects and Classes :** Basics of object and class in C++, Private and public members, static data and function members, constructors and their types, destructors, operator overloading, type conversion. Inheritance : Concept of Inheritance, types of inheritance: single, multiple, multilevel, hierarchical, hybrid, protected members, overriding, virtual base class **Polymorphism :** Pointers in C++, Pointes and Objects, this pointer, virtual and pure virtual functions, Implementing polymorphism	**08**

Text Books
1. James Rumbaugh et. al, "Object Oriented Modeling and Design", PHI
2. Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, "The Unified Modeling Language User Guide", Pearson Education
3. Object Oriented Programming With C++, E Balagurusamy, TMH
4. C++ Programming, Black Book, Steven Holzner, dreamtech
5. Object Oriented Programming in Turbo C++, Robert Lafore, Galgotia
6. Object Oriented Programming with ANSI and Turbo C++, Ashok Kamthane, Pearson
7. The Compete Reference C++, Herbert Schlitz, TMH

Machine Learning Techniques (KCS-055)	
Course Outcome (CO)	**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**

At the end of course , the student will be able:		
CO 1	To understand the need for machine learning for various problem solving	K_1 , K_2
CO 2	To understand a wide variety of learning algorithms and how to evaluate models generated from data	K_1 , K_3
CO 3	To understand the latest trends in machine learning	K_2 , K_3
CO 4	To design appropriate machine learning algorithms and apply the algorithms to a real-world problems	K_4 , K_6
CO 5	To optimize the models learned and report on the expected accuracy that can be achieved by applying the models	K_4, K_5
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**

Unit	Topic	Proposed Lecture
I	**INTRODUCTION** – Learning, Types of Learning, Well defined learning problems, Designing a Learning System, History of ML, Introduction of Machine Learning Approaches – (Artificial Neural Network, Clustering, Reinforcement Learning, Decision Tree Learning, Bayesian networks, Support Vector Machine, Genetic Algorithm), Issues in Machine Learning and Data Science Vs Machine Learning;	08
II	**REGRESSION:** Linear Regression and Logistic Regression **BAYESIAN LEARNING -** Bayes theorem, Concept learning, Bayes Optimal Classifier, Naïve Bayes classifier, Bayesian belief networks, EM algorithm. **SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE:** Introduction, Types of support vector kernel – (Linear kernel, polynomial kernel,and Gaussiankernel), Hyperplane – (Decision surface), Properties of SVM, and Issues in SVM.	08
III	**DECISION TREE LEARNING** - Decision tree learning algorithm, Inductive bias, Inductive inference with decision trees, Entropy and information theory, Information gain, ID-3 Algorithm, Issues in Decision tree learning. **INSTANCE-BASED LEARNING** – k-Nearest Neighbour Learning, Locally Weighted Regression, Radial basis function networks, Case-based learning.	08
IV	**ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS** – Perceptron's, Multilayer perceptron, Gradient descent and the Delta rule, Multilayer networks, Derivation of Backpropagation Algorithm, Generalization, Unsupervised Learning – SOM Algorithm and its variant; **DEEP LEARNING** - Introduction,concept of convolutional neural network , Types of layers – (Convolutional Layers , Activation function , pooling , fully connected) , Concept of Convolution (1D and 2D) layers, Training of network, Case study of CNN for eg on Diabetic Retinopathy, Building a smart speaker, Self-deriving car etc.	08

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V	**REINFORCEMENT LEARNING**–Introduction to Reinforcement Learning , Learning Task,Example of Reinforcement Learning in Practice, Learning Models for Reinforcement – (Markov Decision process , Q Learning - Q Learning function, Q Learning Algorithm), Application of Reinforcement Learning,Introduction to Deep Q Learning. **GENETIC ALGORITHMS:** Introduction, Components, GA cycle of reproduction, Crossover, Mutation, Genetic Programming, Models of Evolution and Learning, Applications.	08

Text books:
1. Tom M. Mitchell, ―Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2013.
2. Ethem Alpaydin, ―Introduction to Machine Learning (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning), The MIT Press 2004.
3. Stephen Marsland, ―Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, CRC Press, 2009.
4. Bishop, C., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Berlin: Springer-Verlag.

Application of Soft Computing (KCS- 056)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Recognize the feasibility of applying a soft computing methodology for a particular problem	K_2, K_4
CO 2	Know the concepts and techniques of soft computing and foster their abilities in designing and implementing soft computing based solutions for real-world and engineering problems.	K_4, K_6
CO 3	Apply neural networks to pattern classification and regression problems and compare solutions by various soft computing approaches for a given problem.	K_3, K_5
CO 4	Apply fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle uncertainty and solve engineering problems	K_3, K_4
CO 5	Apply genetic algorithms to combinatorial optimization problems	K_3
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Neural Networks-I (Introduction & Architecture) :** Neuron, Nerve structure and synapse, Artificial Neuron and its model, activation functions, Neural network architecture: single layer and multilayer feed forward networks, recurrent networks. Various learning techniques; perception and convergence rule, Auto-associative and hetro-associative memory.	**08**
II	**Neural Networks-II (Back propogation networks):** Architecture: perceptron model, solution, single layer artificial neural network, multilayer perception model; back propogation learning methods, effect of learning rule co-efficient ;back propagation algorithm, factors affecting backpropagation training, applications.	**08**
III	**Fuzzy Logic-I (Introduction):** Basic concepts of fuzzy logic, Fuzzy sets and Crisp sets, Fuzzy set theory and operations, Properties of fuzzy sets, Fuzzy and Crisp relations, Fuzzy to Crisp conversion.	**08**
IV	**Fuzzy Logic –II (Fuzzy Membership, Rules)** : Membership functions, interference in fuzzy logic, fuzzy if-then rules, Fuzzy implications and Fuzzy algorithms, Fuzzyfications & Defuzzificataions, Fuzzy Controller, Industrial applications	**08**
V	**Genetic Algorithm(GA):** Basic concepts, working principle, procedures of GA, flow chart of GA, Genetic representations, (encoding) Initialization and selection, Genetic operators, Mutation, Generational Cycle, applications.	**08**

Text books:

1. S. Rajsekaran & G.A. Vijayalakshmi Pai, "Neural Networks,Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithm:Synthesis and Applications" Prentice Hall of India.

2. N.P.Padhy,"Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems" Oxford University Press. Reference Books:

3. Siman Haykin,"Neural Netowrks"Prentice Hall of India

4. Timothy J. Ross, "Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications" Wiley India.

5. Kumar Satish, "Neural Networks" Tata Mc Graw Hill

Augmented & Virtual Reality (KCS- 057)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able :		
CO 1	To understand the basic concept and apply framework of virtual reality.	K1 , K2, K3
CO 2	To understand and analyze the principles and multidisciplinary features of virtual reality.	K_2 , K_4
CO 3	To understand and apply the technology for multimodal user interaction and perception in VR, in particular the visual, audial and haptic interface and behavior.	K_2 , K_3
CO 4	To understand and apply the technology for managing large scale VR environment in real time.	K_2 , K_3
CO 5	To know an introduction to the AR system framework and apply AR tools in software development.	K_2 , $K_{3,}$

DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**VIRTUAL REALITY AND VIRTUAL ENVIRONMENTS:** The historical development of VR: Scientific landmarks Computer Graphics, Real-time computer graphics, Flight simulation, Virtual environments, Requirements for VR, benefits of Virtual reality. HARDWARE TECHNOLOGIES FOR 3D USER INTERFACES: Visual Displays Auditory Displays, Haptic Displays, Choosing Output Devices for 3D User Interfaces.	08
II	**3D USER INTERFACE INPUT HARDWARE:** Input device characteristics, Desktop input devices, Tracking Devices, 3D Mice, Special Purpose Input Devices, Direct Human Input, Home - Brewed Input Devices, Choosing Input Devices for 3D Interfaces.	08
III	**SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGIES:** Database - World Space, World Coordinate, World Environment, Objects - Geometry, Position / Orientation, Hierarchy, Bounding Volume, Scripts and other attributes, VR Environment - VR Database, Tessellated Data, LODs, Cullers and Occluders, Lights and Cameras, Scripts, Interaction - Simple, Feedback, Graphical User Interface, Control Panel, 2D Controls, Hardware Controls, Room / Stage / Area Descriptions, World Authoring and Playback, VR toolkits, Available software in the market	08

IV	**3D INTERACTION TECHNIQUES:** 3D Manipulation tasks, Manipulation Techniques and Input Devices, Interaction Techniques for 3D Manipulation, Deign Guidelines - 3D Travel Tasks, Travel Techniques, Design Guidelines - Theoretical Foundations of Wayfinding, User Centered Wayfinding Support, Environment Centered Wayfinding Support, Evaluating Wayfinding Aids, Design Guidelines - System Control, Classification, Graphical Menus, Voice Commands, Gestrual Commands, Tools, Mutimodal System Control Techniques, Design Guidelines, Case Study: Mixing System Control Methods, Symbolic Input Tasks, symbolic Input Techniques, Design Guidelines, Beyond Text and Number entry . **DESIGNING AND DEVELOPING 3D USER INTERFACES:** Strategies for Designing and Developing Guidelines and Evaluation. **VIRTUAL REALITY APPLICATIONS:** Engineering, Architecture, Education, Medicine, Entertainment, Science, Training.	08
V	Augmented and Mixed Reality, Taxonomy, technology and features of augmented reality, difference between AR and VR, Challenges with AR, AR systems and functionality, Augmented reality methods, visualization techniques for augmented reality, wireless displays in educational augmented reality applications, mobile projection interfaces, marker-less tracking for augmented reality, enhancing interactivity in AR environments, evaluating AR systems.	08

Text books:

1. Alan B Craig, William R Sherman and Jeffrey D Will, "Developing Virtual Reality Applications: Foundations of Effective Design", Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.

2. Gerard Jounghyun Kim, "Designing Virtual Systems: The Structured Approach", 2005.

3. Doug A Bowman, Ernest Kuijff, Joseph J LaViola, Jr and Ivan Poupyrev, "3D User Interfaces, Theory and Practice", Addison Wesley, USA, 2005.

4. Oliver Bimber and Ramesh Raskar, "Spatial Augmented Reality: Meging Real and Virtual Worlds", 2005.

5. Burdea, Grigore C and Philippe Coiffet, "Virtual Reality Technology", Wiley Interscience, India, 2003.

6. John Vince, "Virtual Reality Systems", Addison Wesley, 1995.

7. Howard Rheingold, "Virtual Reality: The Revolutionary Technology and how it Promises to Transform Society", Simon and Schuster, 1991.

8. William R Sherman and Alan B Craig, "Understanding Virtual Reality: Interface, Application and Design (The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Computer Graphics)". Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, San Francisco, CA, 2002

9. Alan B. Craig, Understanding Augmented Reality, Concepts and Applications, Morgan Kaufmann, 2013.

Human Computer Interface (KCS- 058)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Critically discuss common methods in the user-centered design process and the appropriateness of individual methods for a given problem.	K$_2$, K$_4$
CO 2	Use, adapt and extend classic design standards, guidelines, and patterns.	K$_3$, K$_5$
CO 3	Employ selected design methods and evaluation methods at a basic level of competence.	K$_4$, K$_5$
CO 4	Build prototypes at varying levels of fidelity, from paper prototypes to functional, interactive prototypes.	K$_4$, K$_5$
CO 5	Demonstrate sufficient theory of human computer interaction, experimental methodology and inferential statistics to engage with the contemporary research literature in interface technology and design.	K$_3$, K$_4$
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Introduction :** Importance of user Interface – definition, importance of 8 good design. Benefits of good design. A brief history of Screen design. The graphical user interface – popularity of graphics, the concept of direct manipulation, graphical system, Characteristics, Web user – Interface popularity, characteristics- Principles of user interface	**08**
II	**Design process:** Human interaction with computers, importance of 8 human characteristics human consideration, Human interaction speeds, understanding business junctions. III Screen Designing : Design goals – Scre	**08**
III	**Screen Designing :** Design goals – Screen planning and purpose, 8 organizing screen elements, ordering of screen data and content – screen navigation and flow – Visually pleasing composition – amount of information – focus and emphasis – presentation information simply and meaningfully – information retrieval on web – statistical graphics – Technological consideration in interface design.	**08**
IV	**Windows :** New and Navigation schemes selection of window, 8 selection of devices based and screen based controls. Components – text and messages, Icons and increases – Multimedia, colors, uses problems, choosing colors	**08**
V	**Software tools :** Specification methods, interface – Building Tools. 8 Interaction Devices – Keyboard and function keys – pointing devices – speech recognition digitization and generation – image and video displays – drivers.	**08**

Text books:

1. Alan Dix, Janet Finlay, Gregory Abowd, Russell Beale Human Computer Interaction, 3rd Edition Prentice Hall, 2004.

2. Jonathan Lazar Jinjuan Heidi Feng, Harry Hochheiser, Research Methods in HumanComputer Interaction, Wiley, 2010.

3. Ben Shneiderman and Catherine Plaisant Designing the User Interface: Strategies for Effective Human-Computer Interaction (5th Edition, pp. 672, ISBN 0- 321-53735-1, March 2009), Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley Publishing Co.

Database Management Systems Lab (KCS-551)

Course Outcome (CO)		Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)
At the end of course , the student will be able to:		
CO 1	Understand and apply oracle 11 g products for creating tables, views, indexes, sequences and other database objects.	K_2, K_4
CO 2	Design and implement a database schema for company data base, banking data base, library information system, payroll processing system, student information system.	K_3, K_5
CO 3	Write and execute simple and complex queries using DDL, DML, DCL and TCL.	K_4, K_5
CO 4	Write and execute PL/SQL blocks, procedure functions, packages and triggers, cursors.	K_4, K_5
CO 5	Enforce entity integrity, referential integrity, key constraints, and domain constraints on database.	K_3, K_4

DETAILED SYLLABUS

1. Installing oracle/ MYSQL
2. Creating Entity-Relationship Diagram using case tools.
3. Writing SQL statements Using ORACLE /MYSQL:
      a)Writing basic SQL SELECT statements.
      b) Restricting and sorting data.
      c)Displaying data from multiple tables.
      d)Aggregating data using group function.
      e)Manipulating data.
      e)Creating and managing tables.
4. Normalization
5. Creating cursor
6. Creating procedure and functions
7. Creating packages and triggers
8. Design and implementation of payroll processing system
9. Design and implementation of Library Information System
10. Design and implementation of Student Information System
11. Automatic Backup of Files and Recovery of Files
12. Mini project (Design & Development of Data and Application) for following :
    a) Inventory Control System.
    b) Material Requirement Processing.
    c) Hospital Management System.
    d) Railway Reservation System.
    e) Personal Information System.
    f) Web Based User Identification System.

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g) Timetable Management System.	
h) Hotel Management System	

Note: The Instructor may add/delete/modify/tune experiments, wherever he/she feels in a justified manner
   It is also suggested that open source tools should be preferred to conduct the lab (MySQL , SQL server , Oracle ,MongoDB ,Cubrid ,MariaDBetc)

Database Management Systems Lab (KCS-551): Mapping with Virtual Lab

Name of the Lab	Name of the Experiment
Database Management Lab(KCS-551)	Data Definition Language(DDL) Statements: (Create table, Alter table, Drop table)
	Data Manipulation Language(DML) Statements
	Data Query Language(DQL) Statements: (Select statement with operations like Where clause, Order by, Logical operators, Scalar functions and Aggregate functions)
	Transaction Control Language(TCL) statements: (Commit(make changes permanent), Rollback (undo)
	Describe statement: To view the structure of the table created

Web Technology Lab (KIT-551)	
Course Outcome (CO)	**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to:	
CO 1 — Understand fundamentals of web development and Java, including defining classes, invoking methods, using class libraries, Applet, AWT.	K_2, K_4
CO 2 — Understand, analyze and apply the role of scripts/languages like HTML, DHTML, CSS, XML, DOM, and SAX to solve real world problems.	$K2, K_3, K_5$
CO 3 — Understand, analyze and design the role of JavaScript for dynamic web pages.	$K2, K_4, K_5$
CO 4 — Design and deploy different components using EJB, and database tables using JDBC and produce various results based on given query.	K_4, K_5
CO 5 — Design and deploy a server-side java application called Servlet & JSP tools to catch form data sent from client, process it and store it on database.	K_3, K_4
DETAILED SYLLABUS	

This lab is based on the Web Technologies. Some examples are as follows:

1. Write HTML/Java scripts to display your CV in navigator, your Institute website, Department Website and Tutorialwebsite for specific subject

2. Write an HTML program to design an entry form of student details and send it to store at database server like SQL,Oracle or MS Access.

3. Write programs using Java script for Web Page to display browsers information.

5. Write a Java applet to display the Application Program screen i.e. calculator and other.

6. Writing program in XML for creation of DTD, which specifies set of rules. Create a style sheet in CSS/ XSL & display the document in internet explorer.

7. Program to illustrate JDBC connectivity. Program for maintaining database by sending queries. Design and implement a simple servlet book query with the help of JDBC & SQL. Create MS Access Database, Create on ODBC link, Compile & execute JAVA JDVC Socket.

8. Install TOMCAT web server and APACHE. Access the above developed static web pages for books web site, using these servers by putting the web pages developed .

9. Assume four users user1, user2, user3 and user4 having the passwords pwd1, pwd2, pwd3 and pwd4 respectively. Write a servlet for doing the following. Create a Cookie and add these four user id's and passwords to this Cookie. 2. Read the user id and passwords entered in the Login form and authenticate with the values available in the cookies.

10. Install a database (Mysql or Oracle). Create a table which should contain at least the following fields: name, password, email-id, phone number Write a java program/servlet/JSP to connect to that database and extract data from the tables and display them. Insert the details of the users who register with the web site, whenever a new user clicks the submit

button in the registration page.

11. Write a JSP which insert the details of the 3 or 4 users who register with the web site by using registration form. Authenticate the user when he submits the login form using the user name and password from the database

12. Design and implement a simple shopping cart example with session tracking API.

Note: The Instructor may add/delete/modify/tune experiments, wherever he/she feels in a justified manner
   It is also suggested that open source tools should be preferred to conduct the lab (Java , JSP , Bootstrap Firebug , WampServer , MongoDB, etc)

Design and Analysis of Algorithm Lab (KCS-553)

Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)
At the end of course , the student will be able to:	
CO 1	Understand and implement algorithm to solve problems by iterative approach.	K_2, K_4
CO 2	Understand and implement algorithm to solve problems by divide and conquer approach.	K_3, K_5
CO 3	Understand and implement algorithm to solve problems by Greedy algorithm approach.	K_4, K_5
CO 4	Understand and analyze algorithm to solve problems by Dynamic programming, backtracking.	K_4, K_5
CO 5	Understand and analyze the algorithm to solve problems by branch and bound approach.	K_3, K_4

DETAILED SYLLABUS

1. Program for Recursive Binary & Linear Search.
2. Program for Heap Sort.
3. Program for Merge Sort.
4. Program for Selection Sort.
5. Program for Insertion Sort.
6. Program for Quick Sort.
7. Knapsack Problem using Greedy Solution
8. Perform Travelling Salesman Problem
9. Find Minimum Spanning Tree using Kruskal's Algorithm
10. Implement N Queen Problem using Backtracking
11. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus non graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide and- conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.
12. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program

for varied values of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus non graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate how the divide and- conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

13.6. Implement , the 0/1 Knapsack problem using
   (a) Dynamic Programming method
   (b) Greedy method.

14. From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using Dijkstra's algorithm.

15.Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.

16. Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.

17. Write programs to (a) Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm.
    (b) Implement Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.

18. Design and implement to find a subset of a given set S = {Sl, S2, ... ,Sn} of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if S ={1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and d= 9, there are two solutions {1,2,6}and {1,8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.

19.Design and implement to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle

Note: The Instructor may add/delete/modify/tune experiments, wherever he/she feels in a justified manner
       It is also suggested that open source tools should be preferred to conduct the lab (C, C++ etc)

Syllabus for Fourth Year (ODD Sem.)

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B.Tech. (Information Technology)
VII SEMESTER

Sl. No.	Subject Codes	Subject	Periods			Evaluation Scheme				End Semester		Total	Credit
			L	T	P	CT	TA	Total	PS	TE	PE		
1	KHU701/KHU702	HSMC -1 / HSMC-2	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
2	KCS07X	Departmental Elective-IV	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
3	KCS07X	Departmental Elective-V	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
4	KOE07X	Open Elective-II	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
5	KIT751A	The Department may conduct one Lab of either of the two Electives (4 or 5) based on the elective chosen for the curriculum. The Department shall on its own prepare complete list of practical for the Lab and arrange for proper setup and conduct accordingly.	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
6	KIT752	Mini Project or Internship Assessment*	0	0	2				50			50	1
7	KIT753	Project	0	0	8				50		100	150	4
8		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)											
		Total	12	0	12							850	18

*The Mini Project or internship (4 - 6 weeks) conducted during summer break after VI semester and will be assessed during VII semester.

Departmental Elective-IV

1. KCS071 Artificial Intelligence
2. KCS072 Natural language processing
3. KCS073 High Performance Computing
4. KCS074 Cryptography and Network Security
5. KCS075 Design & Development of Applications
6. KCS076 Software Testing
7. KCS077 Distributed Systems

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Departmental Elective-V

1. KCS078 Deep Learning
2. KCS079 Service Oriented Architecture
3. KCS710 Quantum Computing
4. KCS711 Mobile Computing
5. KCS712 Internet of Things
6. KCS713 Cloud Computing
7. KIT071 Software Project Management

B.TECH. (IT/CSIT)
SEVENT SEMESTER (DETAILED SYLLABUS)

Artificial Intelligence (KCS071)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	Understand the basics of the theory and practice of Artificial Intelligence as a discipline and about intelligent agents.	K_2
CO 2	Understand search techniques and gaming theory.	K_2, K_3
CO 3	The student will learn to apply knowledge representation techniques and problem solving strategies to common AI applications.	K_3 , K_4
CO 4	Student should be aware of techniques used for classification and clustering.	K_2 , K_3
CO 5	Student should aware of basics of pattern recognition and steps required for it.	K_2 , K_4
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**INTRODUCTION :** Introduction–Definition – Future of Artificial Intelligence – Characteristics of Intelligent Agents– Typical Intelligent Agents – Problem Solving Approach to Typical AI problems.	**08**
II	**PROBLEM SOLVING METHODS:** Problem solving Methods – Search Strategies- Uninformed – Informed – Heuristics – Local Search Algorithms and Optimization Problems – Searching with Partial Observations – Constraint Satisfaction Problems – Constraint Propagation – Backtracking Search – Game Playing – Optimal Decisions in Games – Alpha – Beta Pruning – Stochastic Games	**08**
III	**KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION:** First Order Predicate Logic – Prolog Programming – Unification – Forward Chaining-Backward Chaining – Resolution – Knowledge Representation – Ontological Engineering-Categories and Objects – Events – Mental Events and Mental Objects – Reasoning Systems for Categories – Reasoning with Default Information	**08**

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IV	**SOFTWARE AGENTS:** Architecture for Intelligent Agents – Agent communication – Negotiation and Bargaining – Argumentation among Agents – Trust and Reputation in Multi-agent systems.	**08**
V	**APPLICATIONS:** AI applications – Language Models – Information Retrieval- Information Extraction – Natural Language Processing – Machine Translation – Speech Recognition – Robot – Hardware – Perception – Planning – Moving	**08**

Text books:
1. S. Russell and P. Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach‖, Prentice Hall, Third Edition, 2009.
2. I. Bratko, "Prolog: Programming for Artificial Intelligence", Fourth edition, Addison-Wesley Educational Publishers Inc., 2011.
3. M. Tim Jones, ―Artificial Intelligence: A Systems Approach(Computer Science)‖, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Inc.First Edition, 2008
4. Nils J. Nilsson, ―The Quest for Artificial Intelligence‖, Cambridge University Press, 2009.
5. William F. Clocksin and Christopher S. Mellish,‖ Programming in Prolog: Using the ISO Standard‖, Fifth Edition, Springer, 2003.
6. Gerhard Weiss, ―Multi Agent Systems‖, Second Edition, MIT Press, 2013.
7. David L. Poole and Alan K. Mackworth, ―Artificial Intelligence: Foundations of Computational Agents‖, Cambridge University Press, 2010.

Natural Language Processing (KC072)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able :		
CO 1	To learn the fundamentals of natural language processing	K_1 , K_2
CO 2	To understand the use of CFG and PCFG in NLP	K_1 , K_2
CO 3	To understand the role of semantics of sentences and pragmatic	K_2
CO 4	To Introduce Speech Production And Related Parameters Of Speech.	K_1 , K_2
CO 5	To Show The Computation And Use Of Techniques Such As Short Time Fourier Transform, Linear Predictive Coefficients And Other Coefficients In The Analysis Of Speech.	K_3, K_4
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**INTRODUCTION:** Origins and challenges of NLP – Language Modeling: Grammar-based LM, Statistical LM – Regular Expressions, Finite-State Automata – English Morphology, Transducers for lexicon and rules, Tokenization, Detecting and Correcting Spelling Errors, Minimum Edit Distance **WORD LEVEL ANALYSIS :** Unsmoothed N-grams, Evaluating N-grams, Smoothing, Interpolation and Backoff – Word Classes, Part-of-Speech Tagging, Rule-based, Stochastic and Transformation-based tagging, Issues in PoS tagging – Hidden Markov and Maximum Entropy models.	08
II	**SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS:** Context Free Grammars, Grammar rules for English, Treebanks, Normal Forms for grammar – Dependency Grammar – Syntactic Parsing, Ambiguity, Dynamic Programming parsing – Shallow parsing – Probabilistic CFG, Probabilistic CYK, Probabilistic Lexicalized CFGs – Feature structures, Unification of feature structures.	08
III	**SEMANTICS AND PRAGMATICS:** Requirements for representation, First-Order Logic, Description Logics – Syntax-Driven Semantic analysis, Semantic attachments – Word Senses, Relations between Senses, Thematic Roles, selectional restrictions – Word Sense Disambiguation, WSD using Supervised, Dictionary & Thesaurus, Bootstrapping methods – Word Similarity using Thesaurus and Distributional methods.	08
IV	**BASIC CONCEPTS of Speech Processing :** Speech Fundamentals: Articulatory Phonetics – Production And Classification Of Speech Sounds; Acoustic Phonetics – Acoustics Of Speech Production; Review Of Digital Signal Processing Concepts; Short-Time Fourier Transform, Filter-Bank And LPC Methods.	08
V	**SPEECH-ANALYSIS**: Features, Feature Extraction And Pattern Comparison Techniques: Speech Distortion Measures– Mathematical And Perceptual – Log–Spectral Distance, Cepstral Distances, Weighted Cepstral Distances And Filtering, Likelihood Distortions, Spectral Distortion Using A Warped Frequency Scale, LPC, PLP And MFCC Coefficients, Time Alignment And Normalization – Dynamic Time Warping, Multiple Time – Alignment Paths. **SPEECH MODELING** : Hidden Markov Models: Markov Processes, HMMs – Evaluation, Optimal State Sequence – Viterbi Search, Baum-Welch Parameter Re-Estimation, Implementation Issues.	08

Text books:
1. Daniel Jurafsky, James H. Martin―Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech, Pearson Publication, 2014.
2. Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, ―Natural Language Processing with Python, First Edition, OReilly Media, 2009.
3. Lawrence Rabiner And Biing-Hwang Juang, "Fundamentals Of Speech Recognition", Pearson Education, 2003.
4. Daniel Jurafsky And James H Martin, "Speech And Language Processing – An Introduction To Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics, And Speech Recognition", Pearson Education, 2002.
5. Frederick Jelinek, "Statistical Methods Of Speech Recognition", MIT Press, 1997.
6. Breck Baldwin, ―Language Processing with Java and LingPipe Cookbook, Atlantic Publisher, 2015
7. Richard M Reese, ―Natural Language Processing with Java, OReilly Media, 2015.
8. Nitin Indurkhya and Fred J. Damerau, ―Handbook of Natural Language Processing, Second Edition, Chapman and Hall/CRC Press, 2010.
9. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, ―Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval, Oxford University Press, 2008.

High Performance Computing (KCS073)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	Able to understand the basic concept of Computer architecture and Modern Processor	K2
CO 2	Able to understand the basic concepts of access optimization and parallel computers	K2, K3
CO 3	Able to describe different parallel processing platforms involved in achieving high performance computing	K3 , K4
CO 4	Develop efficient and high performance parallel programming.	K2 , K3
CO 5	Able to learn parallel programming using message passing paradigm.	K2 , K4
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Overview of Grid Computing Technology**, History of Grid Computing, High Performance Computing, Cluster Computing. Peer-to-Peer Computing, Internet Computing, Grid Computing Model and Protocols, Types of Grids: Desktop Grids, Cluster Grids, Data Grids, High-Performance Grids, Applications and Architectures of High Performance Grids, High Performance Application Development Environment.	08
II	**Open Grid Services Architecture**: Introduction, Requirements, Capabilities, Security Considerations, GLOBUS Toolkit	08
III	**Overview of Cluster Computing:** Cluster Computer and its Architecture, Clusters Classifications, Components for Clusters, Cluster Middleware and SSI, Resource Management and Scheduling, Programming, Environments and Tools, Cluster Applications, Cluster Systems,	08
IV	**Beowulf Cluster**: The Beowulf Model, Application Domains, Beowulf System Architecture, Software Practices, Parallel Programming with MPL, Parallel Virtual Machine (PVM).	08
V	**Overview of Cloud Computing**: Types of Cloud, Cyber infrastructure, Service Oriented Architecture Cloud Computing Components: Infrastructure, Storage, Platform, Application, Services, Clients, Cloud Computing Architecture.	08

Text books:
1. Laurence T.Yang, Minyi Guo – High Performance Computing Paradigm and Infrastructure John Wiley
2. Ahmar Abbas, "Grid Computing: Practical Guide to Technology & Applications", Firewall Media, 2004.
3. Joshy Joseph and Craig Fellenstein , "Grid Computing" Pearson Education, 2004.
4. lan Foster, et al.,"The Open Grid Services Architecture", Version 1.5 (GFD.80). Open Grid Forum, 2006.
5. RajkumarBuyya. High Performance Cluster Computing: Architectures and Systems. PrenticeHall India, 1999.

Cryptography & Network Security (KCS074)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	Classify the symmetric encryption techniques and Illustrate various Public key cryptographic techniques.	K2 , K3
CO 2	Understand security protocols for protecting data on networks and be able to digitally sign emails and files.	K1 , K2
CO 3	Understand vulnerability assessments and the weakness of using passwords for authentication	K4
CO 4	Be able to perform simple vulnerability assessments and password audits	K3
CO 5	Summarize the intrusion detection and its solutions to overcome the attacks.	K2
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	Introduction to security attacks, services and mechanism, Classical encryption techniques-substitution ciphers and transposition ciphers, cryptanalysis, steganography, Stream and block ciphers. Modern Block Ciphers: Block ciphers principles, Shannon's theory of confusion and diffusion, fiestal structure, Data encryption standard(DES), Strength of DES, Idea of differential cryptanalysis, block cipher modes of operations, Triple DES	**08**
II	Introduction to group, field, finite field of the form GF(p), modular arithmetic, prime and relative prime numbers, Extended Euclidean Algorithm, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) encryption and decryptionFermat's and Euler's theorem, Primarily testing, Chinese Remainder theorem, Discrete Logarithmic Problem,Principals of public key crypto systems, RSA algorithm, security of RSA	**08**
III	Message Authentication Codes: Authentication requirements, authentication functions, message authentication code, hash functions, birthday attacks, security of hash functions, Secure hash algorithm (SHA) Digital Signatures: Digital Signatures, Elgamal Digital Signature Techniques, Digital signature standards (DSS), proof of digital signature algorithm,	**08**
IV	Key Management and distribution: Symmetric key distribution, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, Public key distribution, X.509 Certificates, Public key Infrastructure. Authentication Applications: Kerberos, Electronic mail security: pretty good privacy (PGP), S/MIME.	**08**
V	IP Security: Architecture, Authentication header, Encapsulating security payloads, combining security associations, key management. Introduction to Secure Socket Layer, Secure electronic, transaction (SET) System Security: Introductory idea of Intrusion, Intrusion detection, Viruses and related threats, firewalls	**08**

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Text books:
1. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principals and Practice", Pearson Education.
2. Behrouz A. Frouzan: Cryptography and Network Security, McGraw Hill .
3. C K Shyamala, N Harini, Dr. T.R.Padmnabhan Cryptography and Security ,Wiley
4. Bruce Schiener, "Applied Cryptography". John Wiley & Sons
5. Bernard Menezes," Network Security and Cryptography", Cengage Learning.
6. AtulKahate, "Cryptography and Network Security", McGraw Hill

Design & Development Of Applications (KCS075)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	Be exposed to technology and business trends impacting mobile applications	K1 , K2
CO 2	Be competent with the characterization and architecture of mobile applications.	K3
CO 3	Be competent with understanding enterprise scale requirements of mobile applications.	K1 , K2
CO 4	Be competent with designing and developing mobile applications using one application development framework.	K3
CO 5	Be exposed to Android and iOS platforms to develop the mobile applications	K1 , K2
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**INTRODUCTION:** Introduction to mobile applications – Embedded systems - Market and business drivers for mobile applications – Publishing and delivery of mobile applications – Requirements gathering and validation for mobile applications	**08**
II	**BASIC DESIGN:** Introduction – Basics of embedded systems design – Embedded OS - Design constraints for mobile applications, both hardware and software related – Architecting mobile applications – User interfaces for mobile applications – touch events and gestures – Achieving quality constraints – performance, usability, security, availability and modifiability	**08**
III	**ADVANCED DESIGN:** Designing applications with multimedia and web access capabilities – Integration with GPS and social media networking applications – Accessing applications hosted in a cloud computing environment – Design patterns for mobile applications.	**08**
IV	**TECHNOLOGY I – ANDROID:** Introduction – Establishing the development environment – Android architecture – Activities and views – Interacting with UI – Persisting data using SQLite – Packaging and deployment – Interaction with server side applications – Using Google Maps, GPS and Wi-Fi – Integration with social media applications.	**08**
V	**TECHNOLOGY II –iOS:** Introduction to Objective C – iOS features – UI implementation – Touch frameworks – Data persistence using Core Data and SQLite – Location aware applications using Core Location and Map Kit – Integrating calendar and address book with social media application – Using Wi-Fi - iPhone marketplace. Swift: Introduction to Swift, features of swift	**08**

Text books:
1. Charlie Collins, Michael Galpin and Matthias Kappler, "Android in Practice", DreamTech, 2012
2. AnubhavPradhan , Anil V Despande Composing Mobile Apps,Learn ,explore,apply
3. James Dovey and Ash Furrow, "Beginning Objective C", Apress, 2012
4. Jeff McWherter and Scott Gowell, "Professional Mobile Application Development", Wrox, 2012
5. David Mark, Jack Nutting, Jeff LaMarche and Frederic Olsson, "Beginning iOS
6. Development: Exploring the iOS SDK", Apress, 2013.

Software Testing (KCS076)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	Have an ability to apply software testing knowledge and engineering methods.	K2 , K3
CO 2	Have an ability to design and conduct a software test process for a software testing project.	K3, K4
CO 3	Have an ability to identify the needs of software test automation, and define and develop a test tool to support test automation.	K1 , K2
CO 4	Have an ability understand and identify various software testing problems, and solve these problems by designing and selecting software test models, criteria, strategies, and methods.	K1 , K2
CO 5	Have basic understanding and knowledge of contemporary issues in software testing, such as component-based software testing problems.	K2
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	Review of Software Engineering: Overview of Software Evolution, SDLC, Testing Process, Terminologies in Testing: Error, Fault, Failure, Verification, Validation, Difference Between Verification and Validation, Test Cases, Testing Suite, Test ,Oracles, Impracticality of Testing All Data; Impracticality of Testing AllPaths. Verification: Verification Methods, SRS Verification, Source Code Reviews, User Documentation Verification, Software, Project Audit, Tailoring Software Quality Assurance Program by Reviews, Walkthrough, Inspection and Configuration Audits	08
II	Functional Testing: Boundary Value Analysis, Equivalence Class Testing, Decision Table Based Testing, Cause Effect Graphing Technique. Structural Testing: Control Flow Testing, Path Testing, Independent Paths, Generation of Graph from Program, Identification of Independent Paths, Cyclomatic Complexity, Data Flow Testing, Mutation Testing	08
III	Regression Testing: What is Regression Testing? Regression Test cases selection, Reducing the number of test cases, Code coverage prioritization technique. Reducing the number of test cases: Prioritization guidelines, Priority category, Scheme, Risk Analysis	08
IV	Software Testing Activities: Levels of Testing, Debugging, Testing techniques and their applicability, Exploratory Testing Automated Test Data Generation: Test Data, Approaches to test data generation, test data generation using genetic algorithm, Test Data Generation Tools, Software Testing Tools, and Software test Plan.	08
V	Object Oriented Testing: Definition, Issues, Class Testing, Object Oriented Integration and System Testing. Testing Web Applications: Web Testing, User Interface Testing, Usability Testing, Security Testing, Performance Testing, Database testing, Post Deployment Testing	08

Text books:
1. Yogesh Singh, "Software Testing", Cambridge University Press, New York, 2012
2. K..K. Aggarwal & Yogesh Singh, "Software Engineering", New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2003.
3. Roger S. Pressman, "Software Engineering – A Practitioner's Approach", Fifth Edition, McGraw-Hill International Edition, New Delhi,2001.
4. Marc Roper, "Software Testing", McGraw-Hill Book Co., London, 1994.
5. M.C. Trivedi, Software Testing & Audit, Khanna Publishing House 6. Boris Beizer, "Software System Testing and Quality Assurance", Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1984

DISTRIBUTED SYSTEM (KCS077)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	To provide hardware and software issues in modern distributed systems.	K1 , K2
CO 2	To get knowledge in distributed architecture, naming, synchronization, consistency and replication, fault tolerance, security, and distributed file systems.	K2
CO 3	To analyze the current popular distributed systems such as peer-to-peer (P2P) systems will also be analyzed.	K4
CO 4	To know about Shared Memory Techniques and have Sufficient knowledge about file access	K1
CO 5	Have knowledge of Synchronization and Deadlock.	K1
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Characterization of Distributed Systems**: Introduction, Examples of distributed Systems, Resource sharing and the Web Challenges. Architectural models, Fundamental Models. Theoretical Foundation for Distributed System: Limitation of Distributed system, absence of global clock, shared memory, Logical clocks ,Lamport's & vectors logical clocks. Concepts in Message Passing Systems: causal order, total order, total causal order, Techniques for Message Ordering, Causal ordering of messages, global state, termination detection.	08
II	**Distributed Mutual Exclusion:** Classification of distributed mutual exclusion, requirement of mutual exclusion theorem, Token based and non token based algorithms, performance metric for distributed mutual exclusion algorithms. Distributed Deadlock Detection: system model, resource Vs communication deadlocks, deadlock prevention, avoidance, detection & resolution, centralized dead lock detection, distributed dead lock detection, path pushing algorithms, edge chasing algorithms.	08
III	**Agreement Protocols:** Introduction, System models, classification of Agreement Problem, Byzantine agreement problem, Consensus problem, Interactive consistency Problem, Solution to Byzantine Agreement problem, Application of Agreement problem, Atomic Commit in Distributed Database system. Distributed Resource Management: Issues in distributed File Systems, Mechanism for building distributed file systems, Design issues in Distributed Shared Memory, Algorithm for Implementation of Distributed Shared Memory.	08
IV	Failure Recovery in Distributed Systems: Concepts in Backward and Forward recovery, Recovery in Concurrent systems, Obtaining consistent Checkpoints, Recovery in Distributed Database Systems. Fault Tolerance: Issues in Fault Tolerance, Commit Protocols, Voting protocols, Dynamic voting protocols	08
V	**Transactions and Concurrency Control**: Transactions, Nested transactions, Locks, Optimistic Concurrency control, Timestamp ordering, Comparison of methods for concurrency control. Distributed Transactions: Flat and nested distributed transactions, Atomic Commit protocols, Concurrency control in distributed transactions, Distributed deadlocks, Transaction recovery. Replication: System model and group communication, Fault - tolerant services, highly available services, Transactions with replicated data.	08

Text books:
1. Singhal & Shivaratri, "Advanced Concept in Operating Systems", McGraw Hill
2. Ramakrishna,Gehrke," Database Management Systems", McGraw Hill
3. Vijay K.Garg Elements of Distributed Computing , Wiley
4. Coulouris, Dollimore, Kindberg, "Distributed System: Concepts and Design", Pearson Education 5. Tenanuanbaum, Steen," Distributed Systems", PHI

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Deep Learning (KCS078)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able :		
CO 1	To present the mathematical, statistical and computational challenges of building neural networks	K_1 , K_2
CO 2	To study the concepts of deep learning	K_1 , K_2
CO 3	To introduce dimensionality reduction techniques	K_2
CO 4	To enable the students to know deep learning techniques to support real-time applications	K_2 , K_3
CO 5	To examine the case studies of deep learning techniques	K_3, K_6
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	INTRODUCTION : Introduction to machine learning- Linear models (SVMs and Perceptrons, logistic regression)- Intro to Neural Nets: What a shallow network computes- Training a network: loss functions, back propagation and stochastic gradient descent- Neural networks as universal function approximates	**08**
II	DEEP NETWORKS : History of Deep Learning- A Probabilistic Theory of Deep Learning- Backpropagation and regularization, batch normalization- VC Dimension and Neural Nets-Deep Vs Shallow Networks-Convolutional Networks- Generative Adversarial Networks (GAN), Semi-supervised Learning	**08**
III	DIMENTIONALITY REDUCTION 9 Linear (PCA, LDA) and manifolds, metric learning - Auto encoders and dimensionality reduction in networks - Introduction to Convnet - Architectures – AlexNet, VGG, Inception, ResNet - Training a Convnet: weights initialization, batch normalization, hyper parameter optimization	**08**
IV	OPTIMIZATION AND GENERALIZATION : Optimization in deep learning– Non-convex optimization for deep networks- Stochastic Optimization Generalization in neural networks- Spatial Transformer Networks- Recurrent networks, LSTM - Recurrent Neural Network Language Models- Word-Level RNNs & Deep Reinforcement Learning - Computational & Artificial Neuroscience	**08**
V	CASE STUDY AND APPLICATIONS : Image net- Detection-Audio Wave Net-Natural Language Processing Word2Vec - Joint Detection-Bioinformatics- Face Recognition- Scene Understanding-Gathering Image Captions	**08**

Text books:

1. Cosma Rohilla Shalizi, Advanced Data Analysis from an Elementary Point of View, 2015.

2. Deng & Yu, Deep Learning: Methods and Applications, Now Publishers, 2013.

3. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, Deep Learning, MIT Press, 2016.

4. Michael Nielsen, Neural Networks and Deep Learning, Determination Press, 2015.

Mapping with MOOCS: https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc18_cs41/preview

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Service Oriented Architecture (KSC079)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able :		
CO 1	Comprehend the need for SOA and its systematic evolution.	K1 , K2
CO 2	Apply SOA technologies to enterprise domain.	K3
CO 3	Design and analyze various SOA patterns and techniques.	K4
CO 4	Compare and evaluate best strategies and practices of SOA.	K2
CO 5	Understand the business case for SOA	K1
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Introduction:** SOA and MSA Basics: Service Orientation in Daily Life, Evolution of SOA and MSA. Service oriented Architecture and Microservices architecture – Drivers for SOA, Dimensions of SOA, Conceptual Model of SOA, Standards and Guidelines for SOA, Emergence of MSA. **Enterprise-Wide SOA:** Considerations for Enterprise-wide SOA, Strawman Architecture for Enterprise-wide SOA, Enterprise SOA Reference Architecture, Object-oriented Analysis and Design (OOAD) Process, Service-oriented Analysis and Design (SOAD) Process, SOA Methodology for Enterprise	08
II	**Service-Oriented Applications:** Considerations for Service-oriented Applications, Patterns for SOA, Pattern-based Architecture for Service-oriented Applications, Composite Applications, Composite Application Programming Model. **Service-Oriented Analysis and Design:** Need for Models, Principles of Service Design, Nonfunctional Properties for Services, Design of Activity Services (or Business Services), Design of Data Services, Design of Client Services, Design of Business Process Services.	08
III	**Technologies for SOA:** Technologies for Service Enablement, Technologies for Service Integration, Technologies for Service Orchestration. **SOA Governance and Implementation:** Strategic Architecture Governance, Service Design-time Governance, Service Run-time Governance, Approach for Enterprise-wide SOA Implementation.	08
IV	**Big Data and SOA:** Concepts, Big Data and its characteristics, Technologies for Big Data, Service-orientation for Big Data Solutions. **Business Case for SOA:** Stakeholder Objectives, Benefits of SOA, Cost Savings, Return on Investment (ROI), Build a Case for SOA	08
V	**SOA Best Practices:** SOA Strategy – Best Practices, SOA Development – Best Practices, SOA Governance – Best Practices. **EA and SOA for Business and IT Alignment:** Enterprise Architecture, Need for Business and It Alignment, EA and SOA for Business and It Alignment	08

Text books:

1. Shankar Kambhampaty; Service - Oriented Architecture & Microservices Architecture: For Enterprise, Cloud, Big Data and Mobile; Wiley; 3rd Edition; 2018; ISBN: 9788126564064.
2. Icon Group International; The 2018-2023 World Outlook for Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA) Software and Services; ICON Group International; 1st Edition, 2017; ASIN: B06WGPN8YD.
3. Thomas Erl; Service Oriented Architecture Concepts Technology & Design; Pearson Education Limited; 2015; ISBN-13: 9788131714904.
4. Guido Schmutz, Peter Welkenbach, Daniel Liebhart; Service Oriented Architecture An Integration Blueprint; Shroff Publishers & Distributors; 2010; ISBN-13: 9789350231081

Quantum Computing (KCS710)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	Distinguish problems of different computational complexity and explain why certain problems are rendered tractable by quantum computation with reference to the relevant concepts in quantum theory.	K_1 , K_2
CO 2	Demonstrate an understanding of a quantum computing algorithm by simulating it on a classical computer, and state some of the practical challenges in building a quantum computer.	K_2 , K_3
CO 3	Contribute to a medium-scale application program as part of a co-operative team, making use of appropriate collaborative development tools (such as version control systems).	K_2 , K_3
CO 4	Produce code and documentation that is comprehensible to a group of different programmers and present the theoretical background and results of a project in written and verbal form.	K_3 , K_4
CO 5	Apply knowledge, skills, and understanding in executing a defined project of research, development, or investigation and in identifying and implementing relevant outcomes.	K_3, K_6
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Fundamental Concepts:** Global Perspectives, Quantum Bits, Quantum Computation, Quantum Algorithms, Quantum Information, Postulates of Quantum Mechanisms.	**08**
II	**Quantum Computation**: Quantum Circuits – Quantum algorithms, Single Orbit operations, Control Operations, Measurement, Universal Quantum Gates, Simulation of Quantum Systems, Quantum Fourier transform, Phase estimation, Applications, Quantum search algorithms – Quantum counting – Speeding up the solution of NP – complete problems – Quantum Search for an unstructured database.	**08**
III	**Quantum Computers:** Guiding Principles, Conditions for Quantum Computation, Harmonic Oscillator Quantum Computer, Optical Photon Quantum Computer – Optical cavity Quantum electrodynamics, Ion traps, Nuclear Magnetic resonance	**08**
IV	**Quantum Information:** Quantum noise and Quantum Operations – Classical Noise and Markov Processes, Quantum Operations, Examples of Quantum noise and Quantum Operations – Applications of Quantum operations, Limitations of the Quantum operations formalism, Distance Measures for Quantum information.	**08**
V	**Quantum Error Correction:** Introduction, Shor code, Theory of Quantum Error –Correction, Constructing Quantum Codes, Stabilizer codes, Fault – Tolerant Quantum Computation, Entropy and information – Shannon Entropy, Basic properties of Entropy, Von Neumann, Strong Sub Additivity, Data Compression, Entanglement as a physical resource .	**08**

Text books:
1. Micheal A. Nielsen. &Issac L. Chiang, "Quantum Computation and Quantum Information", Cambridge University Press, Fint South Asian edition, 2002.
2. Eleanor G. Rieffel, Wolfgang H. Polak , "Quantum Computing - A Gentle Introduction" (Scientific and Engineering Computation) Paperback – Import, Oct 2014
3. Computing since Democritus by Scott Aaronson, Computer Science: An Introduction by N. DavidMermin 5. Yanofsky's and Mannucci, Quantum Computing for Computer Scientists.

Mobile Computing (KCS711)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course, the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	Explain and discuss issues in mobile computing and illustrate overview of wireless telephony and channel allocation in cellular systems.	K1, K4
CO 2	Explore the concept of Wireless Networking and Wireless LAN.	K1
CO 3	Analyse and comprehend Data management issues like data replication for mobile computers, adaptive clustering for mobile wireless networks and Disconnected operations.	K4
CO 4	Identify Mobile computing Agents and state the issues pertaining to security and fault tolerance in mobile computing environment.	K1, K2
CO 5	Compare and contrast various routing protocols and will identify and interpret the performance of network systems using Adhoc networks.	K2
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-1-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	Introduction, issues in mobile computing, overview of wireless telephony: cellular concept, GSM: air-interface, channel structure, location management: HLR-VLR, hierarchical, handoffs, channel allocation in cellular systems, CDMA, GPRS.	**08**
II	Wireless Networking, Wireless LAN Overview: MAC issues, IEEE 802.11, Blue Tooth, Wireless multiple access protocols, TCP over wireless, Wireless applications, data broadcasting, Mobile IP, WAP: Architecture, protocol stack, application environment, applications.	**08**
III	Data management issues, data replication for mobile computers, adaptive clustering for mobile wireless networks, File system, Disconnected operations.	**08**
IV	Mobile Agents computing, security and fault tolerance, transaction processing in mobile computing environment.	**08**
V	Ad Hoc networks, localization, MAC issues, Routing protocols, global state routing (GSR), Destination sequenced distance vector routing (DSDV), Dynamic source routing (DSR), Ad Hoc on demand distance vector routing (AODV), Temporary ordered routing algorithm (TORA), QoS in Ad Hoc Networks, applications.	**08**

Text books:

1. J. Schiller, Mobile Communications, Addison Wesley.
2. A. Mehrotra, GSM System Engineering.
3. M. V. D. Heijden, M. Taylor, Understanding WAP, Artech House.
4. Charles Perkins, Mobile IP, Addison Wesley.
5. Charles Perkins, Ad hoc Networks, Addison Wesley.

Internet of Things (KCS712)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course, the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	Demonstrate basic concepts, principles and challenges in IoT.	K1,K2
CO 2	Illustrate functioning of hardware devices and sensors used for IoT.	K2
CO 3	Analyze network communication aspects and protocols used in IoT.	K4
CO 4	Apply IoT for developing real life applications using Ardunio programming.	K3
CP 5	To develop IoT infrastructure for popular applications	K_2, K_3
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-1-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Internet of Things (IoT):** Vision, Definition, Conceptual Framework, Architectural view, technology behind IoT, Sources of the IoT, M2M Communication, IoT Examples. Design Principles for Connected Devices: IoT/M2M systems layers and design standardization, communication technologies, data enrichment and consolidation, ease of designing and affordability	**08**
II	**Hardware for IoT:** Sensors, Digital sensors, actuators, radio frequency identification (RFID) technology, wireless sensor networks, participatory sensing technology. Embedded Platforms for IoT: Embedded computing basics, Overview of IOT supported Hardware platforms such as Arduino, NetArduino, Raspberry pi, Beagle Bone, Intel Galileo boards and ARM cortex.	**08**
III	**Network & Communication aspects in IoT:** Wireless Medium access issues, MAC protocol survey, Survey routing protocols, Sensor deployment & Node discovery, Data aggregation & dissemination	**08**
IV	**Programming the Ardunio:** Ardunio Platform Boards Anatomy, Ardunio IDE, coding, using emulator, using libraries, additions in ardunio, programming the ardunio for IoT.	**08**
V	**Challenges in IoT Design challenges:** Development Challenges, Security Challenges, Other challenges IoT Applications: Smart Metering, E-health, City Automation, Automotive Applications, home automation, smart cards, communicating data with H/W units, mobiles, tablets, Designing of smart street lights in smart city.	**08**

Text books:

1. Olivier Hersent,David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi "The Internet of Things key applications and protocols", wiley
2. Jeeva Jose, Internet of Things, Khanna Publishing House
3. Michael Miller "The Internet of Things" by Pearson
4. Raj Kamal "INTERNET OF THINGS", McGraw-Hill, 1ST Edition, 2016
5. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti "Internet of Things (A hands on approach)" 1ST edition, VPI publications,2014
6. Adrian McEwen,Hakin Cassimally "Designing the Internet of Things" Wiley India

Cloud Computing (KCS713)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	Describe architecture and underlying principles of cloud computing.	K_3
CO 2	Explain need, types and tools of Virtualization for cloud.	K_3, K_4
CO 3	Describe Services Oriented Architecture and various types of cloud services.	K_2, K_3
CO 4	Explain Inter cloud resources management cloud storage services and their providers Assess security services and standards for cloud computing.	K_2, K_4
CO 5	Analyze advanced cloud technologies.	K_3, K_6
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-1-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Introduction To Cloud Computing:** Definition of Cloud – Evolution of Cloud Computing – Underlying Principles of Parallel and Distributed Computing – Cloud Characteristics – Elasticity in Cloud – On-demand Provisioning.	**08**
II	**Cloud Enabling Technologies Service Oriented Architecture:** REST and Systems of Systems – Web Services – Publish, Subscribe Model – Basics of Virtualization – Types of Virtualization – Implementation Levels of Virtualization – Virtualization Structures – Tools and Mechanisms – Virtualization of CPU – Memory – I/O Devices –Virtualization Support and Disaster Recovery.	**08**
III	**Cloud Architecture, Services And Storage:** Layered Cloud Architecture Design – NIST Cloud Computing Reference Architecture – Public, Private and Hybrid Clouds – laaS – PaaS – SaaS – Architectural Design Challenges – Cloud Storage – Storage-as-a-Service – Advantages of Cloud Storage – Cloud Storage Providers – S3.	**08**
IV	**Resource Management And Security In Cloud:** Inter Cloud Resource Management – Resource Provisioning and Resource Provisioning Methods – Global Exchange of Cloud Resources – Security Overview – Cloud Security Challenges – Software-as-a-Service Security – Security Governance – Virtual Machine Security – IAM – Security Standards.	**08**
V	**Cloud Technologies And Advancements Hadoop:** MapReduce – Virtual Box — Google App Engine – Programming Environment for Google App Engine — Open Stack – Federation in the Cloud – Four Levels of Federation – Federated Services and Applications – Future of Federation.	**08**

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Text books:
1. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox, Jack G. Dongarra, "Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2012.
2. Rittinghouse, John W., and James F. Ransome, ―Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management and Security, CRC Press, 2017.
3. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. ThamaraiSelvi, ―Mastering Cloud Computing, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2013.
4. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, "Cloud Computing – A Practical Approach, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2009.
5. George Reese, "Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud: Transactional Systems for EC2 and Beyond (Theory in Practice), O'Reilly, 2009.

SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT (KIT071)		
Course Outcome (CO)		**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	Identify project planning objectives, along with various cost/effort estimation models.	K3
CO 2	Organize & schedule project activities to compute critical path for risk analysis.	K3
CO 3	Monitor and control project activities.	K4, K5
CO 4	Formulate testing objectives and test plan to ensure good software quality under SEI-CMM	K6
CO 5	Configure changes and manage risks using project management tools.	K2, K4
DETAILED SYLLABUS		**3-0-0**
Unit	**Topic**	**Proposed Lecture**
I	**Introduction and Software Project Planning:** Fundamentals of Software Project Management (SPM), Need Identification, Vision and Scope document, Project Management Cycle, SPM Objectives, Management Spectrum, SPM Framework, Software Project Planning, Planning Objectives, Project Plan, Types of project plan, Structure of a Software Project Management Plan, Software project estimation, Estimation methods, Estimation models, Decision process.	08
II	**Project Organization and Scheduling :**Project Elements, Work Breakdown Structure (WBS), Types of WBS, Functions, Activities and Tasks, Project Life Cycle and Product Life Cycle, Ways to Organize Personnel, Project schedule, Scheduling Objectives, Building the project schedule, Scheduling terminology and techniques, **Network Diagrams:** PERT, CPM, Bar Charts: Milestone Charts, Gantt Charts.	08
III	**Project Monitoring and Control:** Dimensions of Project Monitoring & Control, Earned Value Analysis, Earned Value Indicators: Budgeted Cost for Work Scheduled (BCWS), Cost Variance (CV), Schedule Variance (SV), Cost Performance Index (CPI), Schedule Performance Index (SPI), Interpretation of Earned Value Indicators, Error Tracking, Software Reviews, **Types of Review:** Inspections, Deskchecks, Walkthroughs, Code Reviews, Pair Programming.	08
IV	**Software Quality Assurance and Testing :** Testing Objectives, Testing Principles, Test Plans, Test Cases, Types of Testing, Levels of Testing, Test Strategies, Program Correctness, Program Verification & validation, Testing Automation & Testing Tools, Concept of Software Quality, Software Quality Attributes, Software Quality Metrics and Indicators, The SEI Capability Maturity Model CMM), SQA Activities, Formal SQA Approaches: Proof of correctness, Statistical quality assurance, Cleanroom process.	08
V	**Project Management and Project Management Tools:** Software Configuration Management: Software Configuration Items and tasks, Baselines, Plan for Change, Change Control, Change Requests Management, Version Control, Risk Management: Risks and risk types, Risk Breakdown Structure (RBS), Risk Management Process: Risk identification, Risk analysis, Risk planning, Risk monitoring, Cost Benefit Analysis. **Software Project Management Tools:** CASE Tools, Planning and Scheduling Tools, MS-Project.	08

Text books:
1. M. Cotterell, Software Project Management, Tata McGraw-Hill Publication.
2. Royce, Software Project Management, Pearson Education
3. Kieron Conway, Software Project Management, Dreamtech Press
4. S. A. Kelkar, Software Project Management, PHI Publication.
5. Harold R. Kerzner, Project Mangment "A Systems Approach to Planning, Scheduling, and Controlling" Wiley.
6. Mohapatra, Software Project Management, Cengage Learning.

Mini Project or Internship Assessment (KIT354 , KIT554 , KIT752)	
Course Outcome (CO)	**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Developing a technical artifact requiring new technical skills and effectively utilizing a new software tool to complete a task	K_4 , K_5
CO 2	Writing requirements documentation, Selecting appropriate technologies, identifying and creating appropriate test cases for systems.	K_5 , K_6
CO 3	Demonstrating understanding of professional customs & practices and working with professional standards.	K_4 , K_5
CO 4	Improving problem-solving, critical thinking skills and report writing.	K_4 , K_5
CO 5	Learning professional skills like exercising leadership, behaving professionally, behaving ethically, listening effectively, participating as a member of a team, developing appropriate workplace attitudes.	K_2, K_4

Project (KIT753 , KIT851)	
Course Outcome (CO)	**Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)**
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Analyze and understand the real life problem and apply their knowledge to get programming solution.	K_4 , K_5
CO 2	Engage in the creative design process through the integration and application of diverse technical knowledge and expertise to meet customer needs and address social issues.	K_4 , K_5
CO 3	Use the various tools and techniques, coding practices for developing real life solution to the problem.	K_5 , K_6
CO 4	Find out the errors in software solutions and establishing the process to design maintainable software applications	K_4 , K_5
CO 5	Write the report about what they are doing in project and learning the team working skills	K_5, K_6

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